THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Galloway & Co. MEMPHIS, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1869. Volume Twelve—Number 76.

DAILY AND WEEKLY

MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

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Additions can be made to the clubs at all times during the year, at proportionate rates, the times, in every case, to expire with the club; otherwise, single subscription rates must be paid. Any variation from this rule breaks up the club system altogether. We can only afford papers at club rates by having them all expire together.

Remittances can be made at our risk when sent by express, charges prepaid, or by mail in registered letters, or postoffice money orders or drafts. Money letters are so frequently lost, and so much complaint caused by their loss, that we are compelled to adopt the modes of transmission designated to protect ourselves as well as patrons.

Specimen copies of the AVALANCHE sent free of charge.

All letters, telegraphic dispatches, and packages, should be properly sealed and addressed

AVALANCHE,

Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tennessee

Maple sugar is flowing down East.

Virginia has 640,000 acres of oyster beds.

Boucicault is writing a play for Celest.

Laura Keene is building a theater at Albany.

Bycicle skates have been invented in Indiana.

General Buckner now resides in New Orleans.

Dolly Davenport is spinally affected, in St. Louis.

Will Fisk's new organ have a peddle attachment?

Fourteen of Napoleon's Old Guard still survive.

Savannah is happy with eggs at ten cents a dozen.

Iowa owes nothing and has $639,000 in the treasury.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., has a science and art association.

San Francisco has a woman's paper called *El Dorado*.

Sumner's throat is sore again. His big speech sticks there.

The New York printers have left off striking and gone to work.

New York has had a $5,000 funeral, $500 being spent for flowers.

Rev. R. J. Breckinridge is quite ill at his residence in Danville, Ky.

Victor Hugo has the largest head among living French authors.

Wales and his little party occupy five steamers in going up the Nile.

Auction sales of real estate in New York since January 1—$20,000,000.

Fashionable New York organists go to Offenbach for devotional themes.

Between four and five millions of Government bounties remain unpaid.

Black velvet skull caps are the fashion for bald heads in Beecher's church.

There is over $2,000,000 invested in menageries and circusses in this country.

New York has a Hungarian Count, and good society is a-hunger-in' after him.

Michigan anticipates that all her timber will be cut down in seventeen years.

The New York Commissioners of Charity subsist annually about 100,000 persons.

Carter E. Estes committed suicide in Paducah, Friday, by blowing out his brains.

Dr. Thomas M. Johnson, an old and prominent citizen of Greensboro, Ala., is dead.

Forney predicts Grant's first veto for the bill suspending the "Tenure-of-Office."

Portland, Maine, has a dog that drags a sled up a hill, gets on it and then slides down.

The first treaty to which the Mikado of Japan affixed his signature was one with Sweden.

A New York paper describes a songstress as having "blonde hair with a greenish tinge."

New Albany takes $300,000 stock in the New Albany and St. Louis Air Line Railroad.

General Jefferson C. Davis is very summary with the refractory Indian tribes in Alaska.

It is reported that Vice President Colfax and his friend Defrees have had a misunderstanding.

One box at the opera in New York the other evening contained the representatives of $17,000,000.

Miss Florence Nightingale contributes a paper on Pauperism to the current number of *Fraser*.

Mr. Thornton, British Minister, complains that the Americans "have not a gentleman for President."

A. M. Clapp has transferred the Buffalo *Express* to his son, so as to qualify for Government Printer.

The New York *Times* suggests that applicants for office who cannot visit Washington forward their photographs.

Captain Dilger, the new Adjutant-General of Illinois, was known in the army as "Captain Leather Breeches."

The forty thousand miles of railroad in the United States give employment to four hundred and fifty thousand men.

Boston rejoices over an indication that she is recapturing a portion of her tea trade lately monopolized in New York.

The expenses of the Chicago Fire Department for the past year were $280,900; of the Police Department, $328,696.

Vanderbilt proposes to give two thousand five hundred dollars to the horse that can beat his Mountain Boy trotting.

A telegram from Ogden says that the Utah City authorities are about purchasing the depot grounds for the proposed Branch Road to Salt Lake City.

The tenants of the Marquis of Bute, who toadied him so amazingly on his coming of age, shot him in effigy on receiving the news of his conversion to Romanism.

The decision by a Board of Arbitration in the case of Mitchell & Jones vs. the City of Brunswick, Ga., involving over a million dollars, was in favor of the defendant.

The New York *Evening Post* says the Prince Louis of Bourbon, recently married here, is direct heir to the Brazilian throne, in case the present Emperor dies without heirs.

SARDIS, MISSISSIPPI.

Something about Sardis—The Late Skirmish East of Batesville, etc.

SARDIS, MISS., March 28, 1869.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: I gave you a promise last Tuesday which I will now set about to fulfill, although your's has thus far been neglected. I can well excuse you, however, for you were so carried away by that anecdote on poor Frank Cruthers that you no doubt forgot your promise.

Only fifty miles from Memphis, with a telegraph office and two daily trains in direct communication, besides a daily freight train, I feel almost there. Two dollars and a half makes the only difference, but *that* wouldn't be so heavy of itself if a fellow could go there and back without spending any more. *But it can't be did.* The water in Memphis is too unwholesome for one thing, and a fellow has to put something in it merely to take the chill off. And then he gets thirsty again sometimes, and, as bad luck will have it, a cup of sweet milk is as hard to get as a glass of pure, wholesome water. Then there are various other little expenses not put down on the memorandums when one goes up, nor in the "bills" when he comes back. But they all take money, and a fellow is sometimes not a little astonished when he gets home and counts out his "leavings" and finds two bits the sum total of the balance on hand. *I've seen 'em come out with less than this.* A little run to Memphis, therefore, is a little more than a two dollar and a half investment, but it is a good thing to take occasionally, even for an old man. I like to go there—I have so many friends there, and they are such warm-hearted, good fellows (old and young) that I like to meet with them now and then. Talk about the smiles of love that wreath the lips of beauty, like molten diamonds poured upon a bed of roses, but they are nothing to the sweet, refreshing, invigorating, soul-stirring smiles we country folks and our city friends enjoy when we meet. Ask Roach; ask Norse; ask Erche; ask Philip; ask Moore, and then go to my handsome friend, whose quick ear so soon caught, "As through the Park I go," and say "Is it not so, *Oh!* Brown?" Speaking of smiles reminds me that you and I have a warm-hearted friend up in Fayette, Dr. Bill ——, who, by the way, is a foferably fair *smitist*, and though I am too old to think about Lindly Murray and other grammar makers now, yet a party, of which Dr. Bill was one, got me into a deep study some time ago, in Memphis, as to whether a smile was a verb or a noun, or a Jack-o'-Lantern. As a verb it conjugates well: for I smiled, you smiled, they smiled, we all smiled and the dog smiled. (Don't let Roach forget to send the dog down.) As a noun it became too personal. As a Jack-o'-Lantern, it depended on the quantity. "Jones" has since enlightened us, by declaring it neither. "Smith" declares when he was a youth it was something popularly patronized by the boys who "took sugar in ther'n." It is still an open question, adjourned till Dr. Bill again comes to Memphis.

You heard last week about the skirmish between the Ku-Klux, "so called," and some other parties, on the south side of the river. I believe the war has ended, and I may safely announce "All quiet along the Tallahatchie!" Better still, the sun has gotten out from behind the clouds, and is smiling on us in undimned glory. Don't that mean early peas, cabbages, tomatoes and corn? I so construe it, while others say "cotton."

Now, let me say a word about our railroad. This is no puff nor so intended. I ride on the road and pay my fare like Jones "or any other man," but I do think this hundred miles of road from Memphis to Grenada is one of the best-conditioned, the best managed, most regularly running roads I ever saw. The industry, skill and energy of the officers was fully exemplified when, immediately after the war, they took hold of a wreck, and without either material, money or credit, (and oppressed with a heavy debt,) made it a first-class road. Freights are moved with even more celerity than before the war, and it is the rarest thing in the world that a train is ever behind time. The Company is in an embarrassed condition, pecuniarily, but the bonds keep pretty well up, and there is every reason to hope and believe that some scheme of permanent relief will be adopted during the present year. No road penetrates a finer or more desirable section, and when the time comes that this country adjacent to the road is settled up freely, it will be one of the best paying roads in the South. If the Chamber of Commerce do the right thing, they will excursion the approaching convention to Genada and back, and let them see one of the finest countries tributary to Memphis—*especially Sardis.* In serious earnest, your enterprising capitalists, or those of somewhere else, would do well to see Colonel White or Colonel Livermore, and acquaint themselves with the affairs and prospects of this road, for, I am sure, no better investment offers than could be made here, and especially with the extensions that are contemplated. Perhaps I may recur to this subject again.

Our little town is lively and growing, but *houses are needed*—a good, sober steady tailor, as well as other mechanics could find good openings. It is a splendid site for a foundry, and I learn that it is in contemplation to establish one here. We have excellent preaching here every Sunday and literary lectures twice a month. Mr. C. W. Grafton, a first-honor graduate of the university, and a gentleman of high talent, will lecture on Friday night, 2d of April, and will be followed by Dr. A. L. Ellis, two weeks later.

But, I'll stop now. You're tired and so am I. RIP VAN WINKLE.

"CIVILIZED NORTH."

The Late Brutal Outrage in Pennsylvania.

Three Women Ravished by a Negro—The Fiend Arrested.

From the Chambersburg Valley Spirit.]

Our town has been in a state of most intense excitement ever since last Thursday. The cause of the excitement is as follows:

On Thursday, about noon, a negro went to the house of Mr. William M. Oliver, in Guilford township, about two and a half miles from this borough. Mr. Oliver and his wife were away from home. A step-daughter of Mr. Oliver, named Ida Reinhart, who is about thirteen years of age, had also been at a neighbor's house, but at noon went home to feed the pigs. She was in the house getting the necessary feed when the negro went there. She had the door locked. He came to the door, but she refused to admit him. He pretended to be hungry, and demanded bread, threatening to burn down the house if she would not let him in. Terrified at these threats she opened the door, when the black scoundrel seized her, threw her upon the floor, and outraged her person. The little girl is pretty badly injured. The negro then took with him from the house a razor belonging to Mr. Oliver, and a small sum of money which was lying on a mantel. Mr. Oliver's house lies in a southeasterly direction from town.

The negro then left and, crossing roads and fields, got around to the road leading from this borough to Scotland in a northeasterly direction from town. About a mile from here, a gentleman resides by the name of John Landis. The negro accosted a little boy whom he saw there and asked him if any men were about. The boy said no. Just then a young lady named Lydia Detwiler was seen passing through a field some distance off, and the negro went over toward her, and caught up to her about 200 yards from her father's house, which is in Green township. He attacked her at once and accomplished his purpose, the young lady resisting him to the best of her ability.

From there he went in the direction of Mr. Jacob Fry's house, and when within a couple of hundred yards of it, he met a young lady named Miss Leah Lehman. He attacked her also, and a most terrible struggle took place. He struck her on the back of the head with a club, on the face so that it is covered with black marks, and choked her so as to leave black and blue marks upon her neck. In the struggle he took a razor from his pocket and drew it close to her throat, threatening to kill her. She grasped the razor and broke the handle off, which she still has in her possession. Notwithstanding this heroic resistance, the black scoundrel succeeded in accomplishing his purpose with this lady also. We understand that she is still confined to her bed from the injuries received.

Mr. Oliver has since seen the handle and blade of the razor used in this last struggle, and identifies it as his own.

On Friday a negro, answering the description given by the little girl and the ladies, was seen in this town, and was arrested by Mr. Frederick Housekolder and Mr. Nicholas Uglow, under the directions of Sheriff Fletcher. His name is Cain Norris, and his residence is "Wolfstown." He was taken to the jail.

On Friday night, between seven and eight o'clock, the fire bell tapped, and a rush was made for the jail. In about ten minutes no less than eight hundred, perhaps a thousand, people were gathered about the building. The crowd seemed wild with excitement, and anxious to obtain possession of the prisoner. But Sheriff Fletcher refused to deliver him up, and expressed his determination to protect him. Several of our citizens made speeches urging the crowd to desist from the undertaking, but the Sheriff, still fearing an attack, called upon Captain George W. Skinner, of the "Housum Zouaves," to come to his assistance. Captain Skinner brought up some of his men with their muskets in obedience to the Sheriff's requisition, and after the Chief Burgess had interposed his authority also, the crowd left and went to their homes. On Saturday and Sunday nights similar attempts were apprehended and the Sheriff in consequence had the jail guarded. It is to be sincerely hoped that no further attempts of this character will be made. The negro unquestionably deserves, if guilty, far more than the severest punishment of the law. But it is the duty of all order-loving citizens to leave him in the hands of the Sheriff to be dealt with by a court and jury. We know these sentiments will not meet the approbation of the majority of the people in this vicinity, laboring as they are under the excitement which these gross outrages have produced. But when "the sober second thought" comes we feel sure our people will agree with us. Let us set not such bad precedents in this community as the lynching of this man would be. Let us never allow a mob to constitute themselves the judges as to what offenses should be punished with death, and deal out the punishment themselves. Such conduct will undermine the foundation of law and order, and give a license to mobs to deal in a similar manner with offenders hereafter. Let us save ourselves from anarchy.

News and Other Paragraphs.

Thursday last was "spring day" in York.

Photography by moonlight is the latest novelty in that art.

Georgia made 700,000 bales of cotton in 1860, valued at $30,000,000.

The washerwomen of the United States are said to earn $40,000,000 per annum.

Circulating libraries are to be introduced on the trains of the Hudson River Railroad.

One-third of the signatures in Shakspeare's house, at Stratford-on-Avon, are those of American visitors.

The Houston Direct Navigation Company will have six brigs built to ply between Galveston and New York.

It will cost Rev. H. W. Beecher's congregation $10,000 to send him abroad; but they are trying to raise the amount.

The anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto is the 21st of April. The people of Houston, Texas, propose to celebrate it.

Bishop Littlejohn, of Brooklyn, bitterly denounces the practice of expending thousands of dollars annually on church music.

Mrs. N. Smith has been elected mayor of Oskaloosa, Iowa, the first woman who ever received that honor in the country.

A couple whose united weight was 533, were married at Stoddard, N. H., on the 10th. The groom weighed 133 pounds, the bride 400.

The new Sergeant-at-Arms of the United States Senate has been ordered to dismiss the seventeen extra messengers and doorkeepers.

A reduction of rates for cable messages between New York and England to ten dollars in gold for ten words, is anticipated on the 1st of May.

The Parkersburg, West Virginia, *Daily Times* (Radical), suggests that all parties known to the political world unite in electing General Cary Governor of Ohio.

Maria Taglioni, the celebrated ballet girl, who married a few years ago an Austrian nobleman of high rank, has applied for a divorce. She objects to her husband's habit of getting drunk, and horsewhipping her in that condition.

Queen Isabella's son, the Prince of Asturias, has been dismissed from college because he could not read and write his own language with sufficient fluency to follow even the course of studies in the lowest class of the college.

The Race for the Post Stake in Mobile.

From the Mobile Register, 27th.]

THE FIRST RACE—for two-year olds, mile heats—will probably be contested by Cottrill (or Carrie P.), Pennock's chestnut filly, and John Kilgour.

THE SECOND RACE—Two mile heats for three-year olds—will probably start Bayonet and Nellie McDonald; though Locust Post and Bettie Bay are entered. Next comes the *Register* purse—a dash of one and three-fourths miles—as the third race. This will be going while it lasts, for the contestants are Stonewall Jackson and Locust Post. If this race doesn't warm the stands up, we are mistaken; and then they will get ready—with lunch and laughter, native wine and native (and imported) wit—for the race of the meeting—the merchants' post stake—for all ages, three mile heats. No race offered at the Magnolia Course ever promised closer work than this: for the celebrated Privateer, Agnes Donovan and Jennie C., will surely start for it. The latter we have too lately spoken of (in her 1:48) to say more about; Privateer all know; and Agnes proved by her splendid work to close the gap on Wednesday, that she can move when her little rider wants her. Fast time, and winning by a neck, may be looked for between two of these flyers.

Tennessee News.

The Methodist Church building in Bolivar is to be improved.

Three prisoners escaped from the Lincoln county jail one night last week.

Messrs. Bradley & Co.'s rectifying establishment, near Carbandal, Montgomery county, was destroyed by fire Friday night.

A German, calling himself Frank Gerrard, and claiming to be the Secretary of State of the Cuban revolutionists, arrived in Nashville on Tuesday, in a destitute condition, from Baltimore.

MEDICAL.

THE

REMEDY OF THE AGE!

EDWARD WILDER'S

FAMOUS

STOMACH BITTERS

CERTAINLY CURES

DYSPEPSIA,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

INDIGESTION IN ALL FORMS,

INTERMITTENT FEVER,

Fever and Ague,

And all Periodical Diseases.

EDWARD WILDER'S

FAMOUS

STOMACH BITTERS,

RELIEVES

COLIC and FLUX!

CURES

COSTIVENESS!

PROVES AN INVIGORANT

Of a Mild and Delightful Character for Delicate Females;

ACTS AS AN

ALTERATIVE and TONIC

FOR FAMILY PURPOSES;

RECUPERATES

THE

WASTED AND DEBILITATED FRAME,

Strengthens

THE APPETITE,

AND IMPROVES THE

DIGESTIVE FORCES:

IT IS

UNLIKE ALL OTHER BITTERS,

Its basis being pure OLD BOURBON or Copper-distilled Whisky, while the body of all rival preparations is common raw Whisky or Alcohol, which is in highest degree deleterious to the System.

THIS FACT

Has of itself strongly commended it to the confidence of the public, and its usefulness has been attested by the unsolicited certificates of leading men in the Medical Profession and the holy Ministry.

Purify the Blood!

The most active, energetic, unfailing and rapid remedy known for those numerous diseases incident to an impure state of the blood is

EDWARD WILDER'S

SARSAPARILLA & POTASH

This great Medicine stands without a rival. It is perfectly peerless. Manufactured with the utmost care from the purest and costliest materials, it has achieved a reputation for potency and thoroughness that places it in the front rank of popular remedies.

CURE IS GUARANTEED

IN EVERY CASE,

where the directions are followed, for those diseases, the most terrible to which the human body can be subject, namely:

SCROFULA

IN ALL ITS FORMS,

Every known variety of

CONSTITUTIONAL SYPHILIS,

Or VENEREAL DISEASE,

NEURALGIA,

SKIN DISEASES,

No matter how old or inveterate,

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

SCROFULOUS SORE EYES,

Glandular Swellings of the Neck,

Or Elsewhere,

CHRONIC CHILLS and FEVER,

TETTER,

WEEPING SORE LEG,

ULCERS of Every Kind,

PIMPLES ON THE FACE,

RINGWORM,

SCALD-HEAD,

Falling of the Hair,

OR ALLOPECIA,

WHITE SWELLING,

HIP-JOINT DISEASE,

Chronic Erysipelas,

AGUE-CAKE,

DROPSY Etc.

EDWARD WILDER,

SOLE PROPRIETOR,

POR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

EDWARD WILDER & CO.,

215 (Marble Front) Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

For sale in Memphis by

C. C. WARD & BRO.,

W. N. WILKERSON & CO.,

G W. JONES & CO

DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS.

REDUCTION

IN PRINTS.

REDUCTION

IN LAWNS.

REDUCTION

IN COTTONADES.

MENKEN BROTHERS

ARE PREPARED TO SELL

MERCHANTS,

Brown Sheetings,

Osnaburgs and

Dress Goods,

AT NEW YORK RATES.

Look at Our Stock.

MENKEN BROTHERS.

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CLOTHING.

SPROULE & McCOWN,

Manufacturers and Dealers

EXCLUSIVELY IN

FINE CUSTOM-MADE

CLOTHING

—AND—

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Are now receiving the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

SPRING SUITS

Ever brought to this market.

Having our own Manufactory at New York, and ample means to take every advantage of the market, we

CAN and WILL

—SELL AT—

SPROULE & McCOWN,

NO. 221 MAIN STREET,

Under Worsham House,

mar14 MEMPHIS, TENN.

HARDWARE, &C.

TO MERCHANTS

AND

PLANTERS.

BUY YOUR

Plows, Hoes, Chains,

Hames, Collars, Axes,

AND EVERY KIND OF

Hardware and Iron,

FROM

ALLISON BROTHERS,

270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

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MANUFACTURERS.

SOUTHERN

Hoop-Skirt Manufactory.

1981-2 Main st., Near Washington.

I HAVE now ready the largest assortment of the popular jointless skirts, comprising every fashionable style and every length and circumference. These skirts, excelling in elasticity and lightness all skirts brought from the East, are manufactured in the Southern Hoop-skirt Manufactory only, are patented, and have printed on the belts the firm name. I recommend them especially to merchants who wish to sell a first-class skirt. Special sizes made to order. Fannier Bustles in every size.

mar21 LOUIS LANGE.

MEDICAL.

DR. RUSSELL'S

DISPENSARY

The Largest and Oldest Institution of the kind in the Southwest; Established Nine Years, and the Only Reliable Place for the Cure of

Private Diseases.

Dr. Russell, No. 42 North Court Street, North side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the

Most Successful Physician

In the treatment of Private and Secret Diseases.

QUICK, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of Gonorrhea and Syphilis cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis, the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Sufferers from Impotency, or Loss of Sexual Power, restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhea of long standing, when all Internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a New Treatment.

Victims of self-abuse and excessive venery, suffering from spermatorhea and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured. ☞All consultations strictly confidential.☜

Office Hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 2 to 5 p.m.

DR. J. B. RUSSELL, Consulting Physician.
L. G. WARRAN, Secretary.

Treatises on Chronic Diseases furnished free on application. mar14

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT

Of the Condition of the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, made to the Controller of the State of Tennessee, on the 1st day of January, 1869:

CAPITAL STOCK, One Hundred Thousand Dollars—all paid up in cash.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in Bank and in hands of Agents and others	$ 161,369 91
Real estate, unincumbered	14,319 07
Bonds and stocks owned by Company	212,279 37
Debts of the Company, secured by mortgage	401,619 17
Debts otherwise secured	326,561 00
Debts for Premiums	87,624 67
All other securities	3,172,631 96
	$5,170,500 17

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	$ 90,000 00
in suspense	2,000 00
All other claims against Company	57,000 00
	$149,000 00

Sworn and subscribed to by
ERASTUS LYMAN, President.
GEO. SNIPPER, Secretary.

STATE OF TENNESSEE,
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, Jan. 1, 1869.

I, G. W. Blackburn, Controller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that S. R. Clarke & Co., Managers of said Company, have also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore said Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of Insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Controller of Tennessee.

S. R. CLARKE & CO.,

Managers of the

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH,

18 Knickerbocker Building.

mar19 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

STATEMENT

Of the Condition of the Continental Fire Insurance Company of New York, made to the Controller of Tennessee, on the 1st day of January, 1869, Pursuant to the Statute of said State.

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of this Company is the "Continental Insurance Company," incorporated in 1852, and located at No. 102 Broadway, in the city of New York.

CAPITAL.

The Capital of said Company actually paid up in cash is	$ 500,000 00
The Surplus on the first day of January, 1869	1,568,854 10
Total amount of Capital and Surplus	$2,068,854 10—$2,068,854 10

ASSETS.

Amount of cash in St. Nicholas Bank, N. Y.	$ 106,080 12
Cash in office	1,259 62
Loans on State Stocks and Bonds of the United States and of Institutions incorporated by the State of New York, payable on demand. (The market value of Securities pledged exceeding $302,450 00)	271,800 00
	$ 379,196 63—$ 379,139 63
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least $2,020,800, and on which there is less than one year's interest due and owing. (Interest at 7 per cent.)	719,150 00
United States and New York Bonds, and Bank Stock	675,700, 00
Unincumbered Real Estate owned by the Company, No. 102 Broadway and No. 7 Pine Street, N. Y.	175,000 00
Unincumbered Real Estate owned by the Company, Corner Court and Montague Streets, Brooklyn	62,500 00
Interest actually due and unpaid	21,012 40
Premiums due and uncollected on Policies issued	31,642 07
Rents accrued	2,050 00
Total Assets	$2,066,854 10

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid	None
Losses incurred, and in process of adjustment	$ 57,800 00
Dividends on Capital, declared and due, and unpaid	1,679 00
Dividends on Scrip, declared unclaimed and unpaid	40,500 00
Scrip ordered redeemed and reuncilated	33,039 00
All other existing Claims against the Company	Nothing
Total amount of Losses, Claims and Liabilities	$132,108 00—$132,108 00

The greatest amount insured on any one risk is about $25,000, but will not, as a general rule, exceed $5,000.

The Company have no general rule as to the amount allowed to be insured in any city, town, village, or block, it being the intention of the Company to distribute its risks in such a manner as not to lose more than $5,000 by a single fire.

A certified copy of the Charter, or Act of Incorporation, accompanied a previous statement.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss
STATE OF NEW YORK.

George T. Hope, President, and Cyrus Peck, Secretary of the Continental Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say that the foregoing is a true, full, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporation, and that they are the above described officers thereof.

STATE OF TENNESSEE,
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, Jan. 1, 1869.

I, G. W. Blackburn, Controller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Continental Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that S. R. Clarke & Co., Agents of said Company, have also complied with the requirements of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Continental Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tennessee.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Controller of Tennessee.

S. R. CLARKE & CO., Agents,

18 Knickerbocker Building.

mar19 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUPERIOR SEED CORN

FOR SALE BY

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

mar6 210 Front.

For Rent.

TO a good tenant, that Comfortable and Conveniently Located Dwelling House, corner of Wellington and Vance streets, recently occupied by Major G. V. Rambaut. Apply to

E. M. APPERSON & CO.,

mar4 256½ Front street.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY

GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS

—AT—

WHOLESALE.

VANCE & CO.,

261 Main Street—Opposite Court Square.

FLOWERS, Feathers, Laces, Crapes, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ribbons, Illusions, Veils, Hair Nets, Hair Braids, Chignons, Rolls, Puffs, Hats and Bonnets, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Galoons, Braids, Linings, and all other Dress Trimmings.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

WILL find the most Complete Assortment of Ladies' and Children's TRIMMED HATS, at as Low Prices as they can be had ANYWHERE.

MILLINERS

Will here find the Latest Styles of Goods, at New York Prices, ALWAYS.

mar5

SPRING IMPORTATION

1869.

RIBBONS,

MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS

Armstrong, Cator & Co.,

237 and 239 Baltimore St.,

BALTIMORE,

IMPORTERS and jobbers of Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, Velvet and Sash Ribbons, Bonnet Crapes, Silks and Satins, Illusions, Blondes, Laces, Ruches, Nets and Velveta, French Flowers and Feathers, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats trimmed and untrimmed, Sundowns and Shaker Hoods.

The largest stock of Millinery Goods in this country, and unequaled in choice variety, which we offer at prices that will defy competition.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

feb21

FOR SALE.

POSTPONEMENT

—OF—

HENDERSON COUNTY

Land Sale.

THE undersigned, who were appointed Commissioners by the Kentucky Legislature to superintendand conduct the "Henderson county Land Sale" of William McLain, Esq., take this method of announcing to the public that the drawing of prizes in the enterprise has been postponed until the

First Day of September, 1869.

When on the 1st of October last the enterprise was laid before the public, it was confidently expected that it could be concluded by the 15th of January, 1869, the day fixed for the drawing, but several causes, none of which were anticipated and which could not be controlled by the Commissioners or by the owner of the property, combined to prevent it. Among these we may mention the failure to obtain printed matter at the time contracted for, the extreme stringency of the money market, and the distrust in the minds of the people of enterprises like this, induced by causes which are yet fresh in the recollection of the public.

Though tickets are now being rapidly sold, a sufficient number have not been disposed of to justify a transfer of the property without bringing loss upon the owner.

The farming lands embraced in the enterprise, nearly eight hundred acres of which are cleared and tillable, will be rented out for the present year—1869. Good bonds for the rent will be taken, and these bonds will be assigned to the persons who draw the said farms.

The money for the tickets sold is in the hands of the agents, and should any shareholder be dissatisfied with the postponement, his money will be refunded on the presentation of his ticket.

The undersigned think it will not be amiss to say in this connection that they have no pecuniary interest in the above enterprise nor will they have in the future. They will not receive one cent for their services, and they do not now, and will not at any time, own, hold or control a single ticket in the enterprise; nor one dollar received from the sale of tickets will be used by them, nor can the owner of the property touch, use or control any part of it until after the drawing takes place; and should the enterprise, by any unforseen contingency, prove a failure, all money received from the sale of tickets will be promptly refunded on presentation of the tickets to the agent from whom bought.

D. BANKS,
W. S. HOLLOWAY,
ROBERT T. GLASS,
E. L. STARLING,
GRANT GREEN,
W. S. ELANY.

mar2

Cheap Mules

BY

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

mar6tw 210 Front.

Hay! Hay!

JUST RECEIVED, 1,000 Bales HAY, in flat-boats, foot of Exchange street.

For sale low to the trade.

JOINER & KIRKLEY,

mar24 No. 34 Monroe street.

For Sale at a Bargain.

I AM authorized to sell Two Fine Cottage residences, situated on Hill street, between Alabama and Mosby streets. Sold on account of parties leaving the city for their health. If not sold on or before the

13th Day of April, 1869,

They will be sold on that day, at public auction

For terms apply to G. N. MARTIN.

mar14 48 North Court Street.

GROCERIES.

A. S. BALDWIN'S

CASH FAMILY SUPPLY STORE,

Southeast

Corner Second and Madison Streets.

I am prepared to furnish families with

STRICTLY CHOICE GROCERIES

At the lowest prices, as I sell for CASH ONLY.

Having had five years experience as an attache of the firm of J. N. Oliver & Co., I believe I know how to keep a Family Grocery. Give me a trial.

feb7 A. S. BALDWIN.

PATENTS.

MAGNOLIA

WASHING MACHINE.

THIS Machine has proved itself, at every trial with other Machines, to be the best Washing Machine ever produced. It has never yet failed to give entire satisfaction to all persons who have tried its merits, and we guarantee it to do all, or even more, than we claim for it. All persons are respectfully invited to call at the Magnolia Laundry, No. 44 Monroe street, where these Machines can be seen in full operation. For sale by ATWOOD & ANDERSON, 200 Main Street.

mar14

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. LANE,

SURGEON CHIROPODIST,

CAN be consulted at his rooms, Peabody Hotel, on all diseases of the Feet, such as Corns, Bunions, Callosities, Enlarged and Disabled Joints. He will alleviate by his instantaneous and painless mode of effectually removing the worst cases of soft and hard Corns, Bunions, Nails penetrating the flesh, and all other excrescences of the Feet. His procedure is new and different from any hitherto introduced. When persons are suffering the most excruciating pain, he can give them instantaneous and permanent relief. Persons relieved of these excrescences experience the greatest comfort of human existence. He can remove the worst soft or hard Corn without any injury to the Feet, and removes the worst Bunions without injury to the metatarsus bone. mar18

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Jno. K. Moody, Adrianc Storm, S. D. Kane and Jno. K. Speed, under the style firm of Jno. K. Moody & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the old firm will be settled up by Jno. K. Speed, and he is alone authorized to use the firm name in liquidation.

JNO. K. MOODY.

By Jno. K. Speed, attorney.
ADRIANC STORM.
S. D. KANE.
JNO. K. SPEED.

mar10

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS!

Pork, Bacon, Coffee, Flour, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Cigars,

WHISKY,

And all kinds of Box & Case Goods in our line

No. 320 Front Street, Memphis.

feb7

FOR

GAS FIXTURES AND PUMPS,

GO TO

LUNN & MALLON,

204 MAIN STREET.

feb14

GALLOWAY & ROYALL,

WORSHAM HOUSE.

BOARD, $3 PER DAY.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,

(Successors to Thomas J. Rice,)

—DEALERS IN—

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS,

DOORS, SASH and BLINDS,

ADAMS STREET,

Between Front and Levee, Opposite Bradley Block,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

feb20

COTTON AND COMMISSION.

S. B. WILLIAMSON. N. HILL. N. FONTAINE.

Williamson, Hill & Co.,

—WITH—

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Wholesale Grocers,

326 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE.

OUR stock of Groceries, Provisions and Plantation Supplies is at all times large and well assorted, and our prices as low as any house in the city.

Orders for Supplies will receive prompt personal attention. We solicit consignments of Cotton; and in the handling of same, promise faithful attention to the interest of our customers, and prompt returns.

Consignments by river and in store insured, unless instructed to the contrary. ja17

JOHN S. DANCY, Tarooro, North Carolina.
F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.
T. R. HYMAN, late of New York.

HYMANS & DANCY,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 47 Wide Water Street,

(Rear of Custom House,) NORFOLK, VA.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 24 Exchange Place, New York.

REFERENCES—M. J. Wicks, President Memphis and Charleston Railroad; W. C. Morris, Cashier Savings Bank of Memphis; Dr. C. W. Malone, Memphis.

☞Cotton sold in Norfolk or New York, at option of owner. ONLY ONE COMMISSION CHARGED. dec18

LEGAL.

REAL ESTATE TITLES.

Notice to Members of the Bar, Parties Investing in Real Estate, and those Examining title thereto.

WE have now completed our index to date, and are prepared to furnish Real Estate Title examinations and furnish references to record of instruments pertaining thereto on the shortest notice, and at greatly reduced prices. We will also make liberal arrangements with Attorneys for the use of our books by the month or year. The attention of parties interested is respectfully solicited to an examination of our system. Our books will be kept constantly posted up to the latest transfers filed in the Register's office, and will embrace the whole of Shelby county.

OFFICE—No. 8 County Court Building, northeast corner Union and Second street.

mar7 SEARS & SMITH.

BLOODED STOCK.

THE STALLION SEASON.

THE THOROUGH-BRED STALLION,

ABDALLAH,

Will make the season of 1869, at my farm, two miles north of Bartlett station, on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, at $25 the season, payable at the time of service. Mares proved not to be in foal can return the following season, free of charge.

ABDALLAH is by R. A. Alex

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

HENRY G. SMITH is a candidate for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, at the election to be held on the 24th day of May, 1869. mar27

S. P. YEOMANS is a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney for the Municipal Court at the May election. mar24

WE are authorized to announce the Hon. W. P. BOND as a candidate for Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit, at the ensuing election in May. mar24

EDITORS AVALANCHE—You are hereby authorized to announce me as a candidate for Attorney General of the Criminal Court at the forthcoming May elections, subject to the action of a Democratic Convention, should one be held. GEORGE E. STAHL.

HON. J. D. SHACKELFORD, having been called upon, by the Nashville Bar, to become a candidate for re-election as Judge of the Supreme Court, has accepted the call, and we are authorized to announce his name as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court, from the middle division of the State, at the approaching Judicial election.

WE are authorized to announce the Hon. ORVILLE YERGER as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court of the 19th Judicial Circuit at the ensuing May election.

WILLIAM WALLACE is a candidate for the office of Attorney General of the Criminal Court of Memphis, at the election in May. —Ledger copy. mar20

WE are authorized to announce G. P. FOUTE as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Municipal Court of Memphis, at the ensuing May election.

WE are authorized to announce the Hon. GEORGE W. REEVES as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court of the 13th Judicial Circuit at the ensuing May election.

WE are authorized to announce J. P. CARUTHERS as a candidate for the office of Chancellor of this county, at the election to be held in May next.

WE are authorized to announce ISAAC MORRISON, as a candidate for Judge of the Law Court of Memphis, at the ensuing May election. mar14

WE are authorized to announce the name of Hon. GEORGE ANDREWS, as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court, from the Eastern Division, at the approaching judicial election. mar24

TO the voters of the Criminal Court District—I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for re-election as Judge of that court, on the fourth Thursday in May.

mar14 J. T. SWAYNE.

FOR SALE.

MULES FOR SALE.—A lot of thirty-six head; medium size, well broke and in fine flesh. Must be sold before Friday next. Big bargain at WHOLESALE. Also, nice shifting-top buggy, pole and shafts and silver-plated harness; fine new saddle and bridle and a very fine pair of linen horse covers, at Col. Forrest's stable, Jefferson street.

Ledger copy and charge Avalanche. mar30

WANTS.

WANTED—Safety, Convenience and Comfort. An indispensable article to every individual. Sent, by mail, securely sealed, for fifty cents, or three for $1 25. State whether required for lady or gentleman; also age.

Address W. DALE,
mar28 No. 60 Market street, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.—A No. 1 PASTRY COOK at the Commercial Hotel. mar24

WANTED—A few day boarders. Apply at Northwest corner Exchange and Second streets. Also, one family to occupy furnished room. feb26

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

USE B. L. Fahnestock's Bronchial and Lung Syrup, only twenty-five cents a bottle. J. A. J. Smith & Co., 229 Main street, agents. Use Vanderwert's Flavoring Extracts.

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung diseases, or the price positively refunded. Instantaneous relief of croup. Try it. If not satisfied, return empty bottles and get your money back. D. F. GOMILLA, 20 Main street, Exchange. 5 cents. Not allowed to send by mail. jy1

FOR SALE—I will sell a large, fine Family Horse—one that I can recommend.

mar21 R. M. ESTES, No. 17 Madison st.

LOST.

LOST—On the Hernando road, 12 miles from Memphis, one four year old, mouse-colored MARE MULE, well broke to work; patch of hair off on one of her hips, and heels skinned. I will pay a liberal reward for her recovery, or for any information leading to her or to her thieves & Kellogg's stables, on Monroe street, between Second and Third streets, or to me at Lauderdale, Mississippi. J. B. COOK.

mar24

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—From 1st of April next, a very desirable Suit of Rooms, at present occupied by Messrs. Heath, Lewis and Frazer, second floor, southeast corner Union and Second streets. Apply to A. RICHMOND,
mar27 Jackson Insurance Company.

FOR RENT—An A No. 1 Residence, 375 Beale street, near Colonel R. Topp's place. House in perfect order. Apply to Commercial Hotel. mar15

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : March 30, 1869

A "CONSERVATIVE Protest" against party nominations for judicial offices has been published. Its signers "respectfully request that no party convention for that purpose be held," but neither give reason for the dissent, nor show how the object can be accomplished otherwise. It is much easier to protest than furnish reasons therefor. This document contains the signatures of many good citizens; but few are of the class who put their shoulders to the wheel when elections are to be carried. Few ever sufficiently interest themselves in elections to go to the polls. Nearly all are gentlemen unidentified with, and uninterested in, party affairs; and it is not astonishing that they should indorse anything looking to freeing a judicial election from a political cast. Nor would we be more anxious than these gentlemen to introduce political considerations were any other course practicable. The Radicals will make nominations and concentrate upon them their entire strength. By so doing, heretofore, they have generally defeated us, in face of the fact that by organization and hard work we could have succeded in every contest. There are just two political parties in Shelby county. There is a Radical party and a Conservative party. The Radicals do not attempt to take new shapes for possible contingences. They are shrewd enough to know that such a course weakens instead of strengthens their organization. A "Conservative" party to-day, a "People's" party to-morrow, or a "Union" party next week, soon ceases to be anything else than a harmless shadow. People judge it as they judge men who are no sooner settled in one vocation than they fly to another—who float like bubbles on the water, change as quickly, and are of about as much account. The object in view is to defeat the Radical ticket. Whether this can best be done by adhering to and strengthening our party organization, and going to work as though we mean business, or attempting to tinker matters in the hope of catching a score or two of moderate Radicals who will vote just as interest suggests, after we finish tinkering, is the question. The entire white Radical vote in Memphis is less than three hundred. Were any special tinkering to put it into our hands, the fact that we played fast and loose would deprive us of twice the number through disgust in our own ranks at such conduct. No candidates will be bound by a "People's Convention," because it would represent nothing. Place them before one of a recognized organization, and there will be a different result. An irregular nomination will insure a multiplicity of candidates and another defeat. The anti-convention movement is understood to be in the hands of some of the candidates. It will come to naught, and persisting in it may cause them to endanger their own prospects of success before the Convention, for a Convention will certainly be held. We urge them to unite with the masses, who desire the Convention, and abandon efforts which must only recoil upon their own heads.

THE Cuban rebellion is pronounced a bad one by the New York *Times*, but a very good one by the New York *Sun*. The *Times* contends, with considerable force of argument, and with much more power of prejudice, that the Government of the United States cannot recognize the Cuban rebellion without acting contrary to the policy of the Government towards the South, and which has been adopted and followed for the last eight years. The *Sun* argues that all rebellions are not bad. That of the Colonies in 1776 was a good one, because it was against the arbitrary and tyrannical rule of a foreign Prince. The rebellion of the South was intrinsically wrong and infamous, because it designed to overthrow the best and mildest of governments. It was also the object of this rebellion to perpetuate slavery, and it was the duty of the Government and the whole police of the world to suppress it. The rebellion in Cuba is another sort. It is to throw off the rule of the Spanish throne and people and to abolish slavery. It is a good rebellion and ought to be approved by the public opinion of the United States; nay, it ought to be assisted and aided by all the world. The *Times* assumes that the policy of the last eight years was and is a sound one. The *Sun* agrees with the *Times*. But here they part company. We imagine that the editor of the *Sun* had his misgivings as to the soundness of his argument. It is strings of words put together in the form of an inverted syllogism, made radiant by the burning rays of a clear, undefiled conscience. We care not to trouble our readers with it here. The people of the South before the war, or the late "intrinsically erring rebellion," deeply sympathized with the struggles of the Cuban rebels. We have no time now to be feeling for the oppressions and wrongs of others. We mean to be just, not generous. We shall have nothing to do with rebellions unless they break out in New England. We mean to take care of ourselves—other people can do likewise. We are too poor to sympathize with wants of the poor; too much oppressed to feel for the struggles of the down-trodden, Cuban independence, if it brings no better fruits than Reconstruction to Georgia, would be a poor thing indeed. We thought differently years ago. Indeed, we were once in full fellowship with the Cuban Junta, attended their midnight meetings, and were ready to embark in the war of independence. Four years service in another war has baptised us anew and with another spirit. But we can't help saying that from away down in the bottom of our heart now and then there comes bubbling up a song

"But 'tis past—and tho' blazon'd in story
The name of our victory may be,
Accursed is the march of that glory
Which treads o'er the hearts of the free."

The New York *Sun* may warble with the modern patriot—

"But oh! for him my fancy culls
The deepest groans an exile bears,
Who CONSTITUTIONALLY pulls
Your house about your ears."

THE published report of the National Association of cotton manufacturers and planters, gives some interesting facts relative to the production and manufacture of cotton in this country. At the present time it appears that the number of cotton mills in the Northern States is 664, running 6,359,020 spindles, and consuming annually 386,952,021 pounds of the raw material. In the Southern States there are but eighty-six mills, running 225,063 spindles and consuming annually 31,415,750 pounds. Compared with the number of mills in operation in 1860, there are some one hundred fewer running now than then. During last year the total consumption of cotton for manufacturing purposes was 450,600,000 pounds. At the usual estimate of four hundred pounds to the bale, 1,125,000 bales were consumed or about one-half the whole production of the United States. The aggregate consumption during 1868, in Europe and America combined, was 2,094,105,000 pounds, against 1,978,520,000 pounds in 1858; and 2,284,901,000 pounds in 1859. The value of the total product of 1868 in the Southern States, is estimated at $200,000,000.

TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Appointment of a State Board of Medical Examiners—The Public Printing—A New Paper—Suspicions of Foul Play upon a Negro.

Special Dispatch to the Memphis Avalanche.]

LITTLE ROCK, March 29.—The bill passed the Senate to-day creating a State Board of Medical Examiners, consisting of a President and five associates, to be appointed by the Executive.

A chapter of the new digest for unlawful killing was discussed in committee of the whole, and adopted. This is the chapter that makes a county liable to a damage of $1,000 for every murder committed in its borders.

A message from the Governor to-day announced that the Board of Commissioners on Printing are making arrangements to let the public printing to responsible parties.

The name of M. L. Barton, late Lieutenant in the army, has been sent in for confirmation as Prosecuting Attorney for the Tenth Judicial District.

A new daily and weekly paper made its appearance this evening, styled *The Liberal*, under the auspices of Jones & Buchanan, formerly of the *Republican*. As its name indicates, it is neither fish, flesh nor fowl, so far as politics are concerned, taking a middle course, if there be any. It has some heavy licks at the *Republican*.

A strange murder case has just come to light. About two weeks ago two men, named Duff and Green, went down the opposite side of the river, about six miles, with a warrant to arrest a negro man charged with the theft of some meat from Duff. They arrested him, started to town and returned in about three hours, stating that the negro got away from them. Foulplay was suspected, and both were arrested and put in jail. To-day the body of the negro was found in a lake near his house, horribly mutilated, having been shot in the head and then thrown in the lake. An inquest was held on the body. The trial of parties charged with the murder comes off Friday.

The river is rising; reported falling above. Weather clear and warm, and indication of rain. Ozark arrived and departed.

WASHINGTON.

Advices from China—Trouble with the Natives—Nomination.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Rear Admiral Rowan, commanding the Asiatic squadron, writes from Hong-Hong, under date January 26th, giving an account of the difficulty between the English naval authorities and the Chinese, near Sevataw. The commander of the English gunboat Cockchafer, took his boats some six or eight miles from the anchorage to exercise them, and in passing the village of Puling, the villagers commenced pelting them with stones. Lieutenant Kerr then landed and remonstrated with them, and finding the elders of the village, decided to take the head man of the party in one of the boats. The villagers resisted, and fired on the Lieutenant, who returned the fire and soon dispersed them. The Lieutenant then re-embarked and when a short way on his return, was again interrupted by the villagers who had cut across the country, and who fired on the boats, wounding eleven men, two severely. The fire was returned, and eleven of the villagers are reported to have been killed and thirty wounded. When the news reached Hong Kong, Vice-Admiral Keppel dispatched two corvettis and two gunboats with four hundred seamen from the flag-ship Radney to Sevataw, to redress the unprovoked outrage on the English flag.

The President was unwell again to-day and was in his office only a short time this morning.

The President to-day nominated George Earle as First Assistant Postmaster General, in place of General Spinner.

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

River, Weather, and Business News.

Special Dispatch to the Memphis Avalanche.]

CAIRO, March 29.—P. D. Strader from New Orleans to Louisville, one a.m.; Clifton, from Memphis to St. Louis, three a.m.; Thompson Dean, from St. Louis to New Orleans, five a.m.; Magenta, from St. Louis to New Orleans, noon; Norman, from Memphis to Evansville, noon. River rose three inches. Weather rainy. The Dean had plenty freight room. The Magenta had a fair trip.

A fire in the kitchen of the St. Charles Hotel, about four o'clock this morning, created great excitement among the guests. It was extinguished with slight damage.

NEW ORLEANS.

Departure of Troops—Important Decision in Bankruptcy—Another Wine Case Decided.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—The 1st United States infantry left to-day on the steamer R. E. Lee, for Detroit, having been stationed here for the past five years. The press of the city express regret at their departure and good wishes for their future. General Buchanan, however, will not relinquish command of the Department for a few days.

Several important decisions were rendered by Judge Durell in the United States District Court this morning. Three more of the wine cases were decided in favor of the Government. The decisions, it is believed, will cover all the points which can be raised. Points had been submitted that every revenue law referring to seized wine had been repealed, by name, but the Judge reviewed each statute quoted, and ruled that their repeal did not affect the specifications of the cost of packing and bottleing, and therefore as the cost of packing and bottleing had either not been included in the invoice, or greatly underrated, according to the evidence in the case, the wines were forfeited.

In the case of J. T. Tucker, agent of the Illinois Central Railroad, petitioning to have the New Orleans and Opelousas Railroad declared bankrupt, the Judge, in a lengthy and elaborate decision, held that railroad bonds and coupons were not commercial paper within the meaning of the Bankrupt law, and that under the State laws and act of incorporation, a remedy was provided, to which the creditors might resort; and that paying the coupons after the suit was brought upon the same, was not preferring one creditor over another, and was therefore not an act of bankruptcy; and that the company was not insolvent, inasmuch as its assets, by assessment, exceeded its liabilities, due or to become due, by more than half a million. The court also expressed some doubt as to whether railroads came under the provisions of the Bankruptcy laws.

ST. LOUIS.

Verdict against a Slanderer—Union Pacific Railroad—Destructive Fire. Four Steamboats Burned at the Landing.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—An Omaha dispatch says that Henry Hickman, a prominent member of the First Baptist Church, who was under trial for falsely and maliciously slandering the character of Mrs. Verruatte, the wife of the pastor, was found guilty.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company laid six miles of track on Saturday; they continue pushing the work west of Ogden, and also soon expect to finish the permanent lines through the tunnel at Echo canon.

The work on the Mississippi river bridges here is progressing favorably The engineers expect soon to commence work on the center pier.

About eight o'clock this evening a fire broke out on the steamer Ben. Johnson, lying at the foot of Washington avenue, and in less than fifteen minutes the Henry Adkins, lying above, and the Carrie V. Kountz and Gerard B. Allen, lying below, were a mass of flames, and their entire upper works destroyed. The Fanny Scott and two other boats lying next to the Allen were cut loose and floated down stream, and although the Carrie Kountz followed swiftly after them, burning very fiercely, yet they escaped unharmed. All the boats were loading for the mountains. The value of the steamers and insurance cannot be given at this writing.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Mrs. Clem Sentenced to Imprisonment for Life.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 29.—The Criminal Court to-day overruled a motion for a new trial in the case of Mrs. Clem, and sentenced her to the penitentiary for life.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Two More Human Velocipedes on the Track.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 29.—Payne and Wilson walk to-morrow for a purse of $500. They start from Walnut Creek, ten miles above Erie, Pa., and walk to Buffalo, one hundred and three miles, on time specified. The first in wins the purse.

THOMASTON, ME.

Frightful Accident in a Church.

THOMASTON, ME., March 29.—At the Episcopal church last evening, the flooring gave way owing to the dense crowd in attendance, precipitating about one hundred and fifty persons into an unfinished basement. Two persons were seriously injured and many slightly.

CONCORD, N. H.

A Fire and Heavy Loss.

CONCORD, N. H., March 29.—The American House and a private building in Hillsboro, were burned last night. The furniture was saved. Loss $8,000.

THE RIVERS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—Departed—Mollie Able; Shark, with barges, for St. Louis; Mary Houston and Nick Longworth, for Louisville. Arrived—Bismarck, Kilgour and Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 29.—The river is rising, with thirteen feet six inches in the channel.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—Arrived—Lizzie Gill and City of Cairo. Departed—Kellogg, Olive Branch, Belle St. Louis. Weather clear and cool. The river is rising here and above.

The loss by the steamboat fire this evening is $200,000.

Forty-First Congress—First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The Vice President submitted the joint resolutions of the Legislatures of South Carolina and Pennsylvania, ratifying the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution.

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported the joint resolution continuing the pay of enlisted men at the present rate until the 30th of June, 1870, and it was passed; and also a joint resolution, which was also passed, dropping from the roles of the army officers of the army who are absent without leave.

Mr. Vickers reported from the Committee on the District of Columbia a bill to amend the usury laws thereof.

Mr. Sprague moved to refer to the Committee on Appropriations the bill introduced by him, the other day, to provide for loaning public money, which was agreed to.

Mr. Drake introduced a bill to establish the office of Solicitor and Naval Judge Advocate General. Referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Sawyer introduced a bill prescribing the oath of office to be taken by persons who participated in the late rebellion, but who are not disqualified by the Fourteenth Amendment. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. McDonald introduced a bill to confirm the Charter of the New Orleans Ship Canal Company, and granting the right of way to said company. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to remove the political disabilities of Judge Alex. Rives, of Virginia. Referred to the Committee on Political Disabilities.

At this point a message was received from the House, announcing its non-concurrence in the action of the Senate on the repeal of the Tenure-of-Office bill.

Mr. Trumbull moved that the Senate insist on its amendments, and ask for a Committee Conference.

Mr. Grimes moved that the Senate recede from its amendments.

Mr. Davis made a constitutional argument in support of the latter motion.

At the expiration of the morning hour the unfinished business of Friday, being the supplementary currency act, its consideration was postponed that the bill to repeal the Tenure-of-Offie bill might be considered.

Mr. Morton said that he would vote to recede.

Mr. Sprague said he was opposed to its appeal, and Mr. Hume also took the same ground.

Mr. Pomeroy said he would vote for the Conference Committee, but would like to see the law repealed.

Mr. Warner thought it should be repealed.

The motion to recede was lost by twenty to thirty-seven. Mr. Fowler voted yea and Mr. Brownlow nay.

HOUSE.

Under the call of States numerous bills and joint resolutions were introduced and referred.

The House laid on the table by a vote of a 104 to 40, the resolution offered by Mr. Morgan to exempt salt, tea, coffee, sugar, molasses and tobacco from all Federal taxation, and to tax bonds 2½ per cent.

Mr. Schenck moved to suspend the rules to offer a concurrent resolution, for a joint select committee on ordinance. The rules were not suspended, and the House proceeded to the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table, and disposed of it as follows:

The Senate's concurrent resolution for a joint committee, consisting of the Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses, and the House Committee on Accounts, to define the number, duties and compensation of employees. Agreed to.

On the Senate bill to amend the Judiciary system of the United States, Mr. Bingham, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a substitute for this bill and explained and advocated it. The substitute passed by ninety-nine to fifty, with a few exceptions, a party vote. It provides that the Supreme Court shall hereafter consist of a Chief Justice and eight acting Associate Justices, any six of whom shall constitute a quorum, and such Justices as shall be excused and retired from active duty under the provisions of the act, an additional Associate is to be appointed.

The second section provides a Circuit Judge for each of the nine existing Judicial Districts, to possess the same power and jurisdiction therein as the Justices of the Supreme Court allotted to the circuit. The Circuit Courts are to be held by the Justice of the Supreme Court, by the Circuit Judges or by the District Judges, each sitting alone, or by the Supreme Court Justice and the Circuit Court Judge sitting together; and such courts may be held at the same time in different districts of the same court.

Section three provides that nothing in the act shall affect the powers of the Justices of the Supreme Court, as Judges of Circuit Courts, except in the appointment of Clerks of Circuit Courts, who shall be appointed by the Circuit Judges.

Section four requires that the Chief Justice and Justice of the Supreme Court attend at least one term of his circuit during every period of two years.

Section five provides that any Judge of a United States Court who is now seventy years of age, and any Judge who shall hereafter attain that age, and any who have served at least ten years as such Judge, may, upon his filing with the President a certificate of that fact, be excused and relieved from active service as such Judge, but shall thereafter, during the time he shall continue to hold office, be entitled to his full salary.

Section six provides that one United States Judge shall for a year after the passage of this act, when the Judge has almost attained that age, after reaching the age of 70, continue to hold office without having filed such certificate. The President shall appoint an additional Judge for the same circuit who shall have the same power to perform duties and shall receive the same pay as the Judge acting, or shall in connection with, or in the absence of his senior official, in the courts prescribed by law, and shall on the death or retirement of the same, become Judge of that court. The House then adjourned.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Cotton steady. Sales 1,800 bales; uplands, 28½ to 29c. Flour, $5 75@6 30. Corn, 80 to 90c. Cuba sugar, 11¾ to 12¾c; Havana, 13¼c. Wheat dull. Molasses unchanged.

Dry Goods—Appleton D brown muslins, 12½c; Slater's bleached do., 15c. Amoskeag, Sprague's and Richmond prints, 12½c. Heavy sheetings, 15½ to 16½c. Standard brown drills, 17c. Cottonades, 18 to 27c. Cotton yarns, 38½ to 40c. Carpet warps, $2@2 25. Black alpacas, 35c to $1 05; poplins, $1 25@2 20.

Money—The market is active and stringent at 7 per cent. in gold and the same in currency, with commissions of 1-32 to 1-32½ per cent. The banks called in loans freely, owing to the great demand for currency from the interior. There were some heavy loans notified for to-morrow and the indications point to a severe week in the money market. The City Banks are getting down to their legal reserves and are cautious. Doubts are entertained whether the heavy shipments of legal tenders to Philadelphia for some days have been entirely to satisfy legitimate demands. Discounts are dull at 10 to 12 per cent. Sterling is dull at 8¼ to 8½ for sixty day bills and 8¾ to 8¼ for sight bills and cable transfers. Gold firmer. It opened at 131¼ to 131⅜ and closed at 131⅜ to 131¼ cash. Gold is scarce. Rates were paid for borrowing at 2 per cent. and 1-32 flat, and for currency. Governments are dull at ¼ to ½ per cent. lower. The offerings seem to be designed rather to make quotations than sales. New Tennessees dull, 64¼.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—Cotton stiffer; middling, 28¾ to 28½c. Receipts since Saturday, 3,373 bales. Gold, 132¾c. Sterling, 42; commercial, 40¾ to 41¼; New York sight, ¾ premium. Flour—receipts large; superfine, $5 62½; XX, 86; XXX, $6 30. Corn, 73 to 74c. Oats declined, 63c. Bran, $1 15. Hay firm; prime, $27. Pork dull, $33. Bacon active; shoulders, 14¾c; sides, 17¼ to 17¾c. Lard dull; tierces, 18¾ to 19½c; keg, 20½ to 21¾c. Sugar dull; common, 12c; prime, 14c. Molasses sold at 56 to 59c. Whisky, 92c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, March 29.—Flour, $6 25@6 50. Corn, 62c. Oats, 63 to 66c. Whisky, 91c. Pork held at $32. Bulk meats, 12½ to 14½c, for shoulders and sides. Lard, 18¼ to 18¾c. Hams, 18½ to 19c. Molasses, 80 to 85c. Sugar, 14 to 16c. Wheat, $1 25@1 50. Rye, $1 41@1 42. Barley, $1 85@2. Cotton dull, 27 to 27½c. Coffee firm, 20 to 26c, for prime to choice Rio. Butter firm and scarce, 38 to 45c. Eggs, 19 to 20c. Apples, $4 50@6 50.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

LOUISVILLE, March 29.—Tobacco—sales 87 hhds at $5@15 50. Cotton, 26½c. Rye, $1 45. Wheat, $1 40@1 53. Pork, $32. Lard, 18½c. Bacon—shoulders, 14c; sides, 17½c. Bulk shoulders, 13c; sides, 16 to 16½c. Flour, $5 50@6. Corn, 63 to 65c. Oats, 62 to 64c. Sugar, 14 to 16c. Molasses, 80 to 85c. Whisky, 92c.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—Flour, $4 60@4 75. Wheat, $1 50. Corn, 68 to 73c. Oats, 57 to 60. Rye, $1 25@1 26. Whisky, 90c. Groceries unchanged. Pork, $31 50@32. Bulk shoulders, 12c; sides, 15c. Bacon—shoulders, 13¾c; sides, 16¾ to 17¼c; hams 18 to 19c. Lard dull.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Flour, $4 87½@6 87½c. Wheat, $1 11¾. Corn, 53¾c. Oats, 52¾c. Rye, $1 18½c. Barley, $1 65@1 70. Highwines, 88c. Pork, $30 75. Hams, 15½ to 16c. Lard, 18c. Bulk shoulders, 12½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, March 29.—It being a holiday, the Stock Exchange is not open.

FRANKFORT MARKETS.

FRANKFORT, March 29.—United States 5-20's closed at 87½.

Mississippi News.

A mail line is to be established between Okolona and Pontotoc.

The cholera, or some other equally fatal disease, is prevailing among the hogs in Tallahatchie county.

The Bay St. Louis *Gazette* of the 20th, speaks of the fine prospects of an abundant orange crop this season.

The Israelites of Natchez are about to build a Synagogue on their large lot. It will be eighty by fifty feet, and will cost $15,000. The work is to be commenced at once, and will be completed by September 1st.

MARRIED.

WYANT—MORRISON—On Monday, the 29th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Smith, Mr. Benjamin F. Wyant, of Memphis, to Mrs. Amelia M. Morrison, of New Orleans.

Another old Memphian, who has long trod the sleek path of single—cussedness, has departed to that happy land where the cares, anxieties and sorrow of a bachelor cease, and the elysium of wedded joys commence. We congratulate our friend Ben. upon his success in culling so fair a flower, and wish him and his fair bride, not undivided joys, but perennial augmentations to their present happiness.

DIED.

KENNEDY—Monday morning, March 29th, at 5 o'clock, of consumption, Thomas Kennedy, aged 29 years and 18 days. Funeral from his residence, 34 Adams street. Carriages in attendance.

Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, papers please copy.

IRWIN—On Monday, 29th inst., at the residence of his brother, Dr. W. T. Irwin, southwest corner Main and Beale streets, Thomas Beverly Irwin, aged 47 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Dr. Irwin, this, Tuesday, at 3 o'clock p.m. The friends of the family are invited to attend. Services by Rev. Dr. White. Carriages at Holst's.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BUTTS—The friends of W. H. Butts are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his infant daughter, Anna Lucas, from his residence, No. 177 Third street, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Services by Rev. Dr. Mann. Carriages at residence.

New Advertisements.

TURNIPS.

Attention, Dairymen and Others.

FOR SALE—30 baskets good Turnips, in bulk, in quantities to suit, at twenty-five cents per bushel. Apply to J. MORROW,
mar30 158 Exchange Building.

NOTICES.

Templars of Honor and Temperance.

NATOMA T. of H. No. 1, will be instituted this, Tuesday, evening, at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, Gayoso Block, Main street, between Gayoso and Beale streets, at 7 o'clock. Members of the order, in good standing, are fraternally invited to attend.

GEORGE E. MONTGOMERY,
mar30 D. M. W. T.

THE members of the Hibernian Mutual Relief Society will meet at their hall, at 7 a.m., Tuesday, March 30, to attend the funeral of Peter Crowley. A full attendance is ordered.

M. MAGEVENY, Sr., President.
WM. H. COPY, Recording Secretary.

NEW PUBLICATION.

Just the Book the People Want!

"OUR RULERS AND OUR RIGHTS," by Judge Anson Wills, of New York, published by Parmelee & Co., Philadelphia.

From the many flattering notices of the press, and recommendations of distinguished men, the following is selected:

[From the Methodist Home Journal, Philadelphia.]

"Our Rulers and our Rights," or Outlines of the United States Government; its Origin, Branches, Departments, Institutions, Officers and Modes of Operation, by Judge Anson Wills, Philadelphia: Parmelee & Co.

This publication has many claims to public favor. It covers a field which we believe has never before been attempted, and a work has long been needed. Every well informed person has felt the want of a manual like this, which would give a concise and intelligible account of the organization of every department of the Federal Government, with the functions, powers and jurisdiction of each, and the facts, historical and political, in any way connected therewith. Perhaps, the name of some candidate for President or Vice President has been desired. Here we have it, and find out how near each came to winning the prize.

How are our judicial districts divided; banking and revenue laws framed; or who was a State Senator, at any given time, are here told.

Sometimes we have sought for the "Coat of Arms" of some State, or its area, population, number of Representatives; or we have wanted to know how the Pension Bureau was organized, or about the Patent Office, or Postoffice Department. This book would have saved hours, perhaps, of searching. All who talk or think of posing events will find this a "vade-mecum" highly prized. It is not partisan in its character, but evidently aims to be impartial in its statements.

The author's experience in public affairs sought to be a guarantee that the work is reliable, and, so far as we have examined, it deserves a place in every library, and ought to be made a text book in every school.

To be obtained, only by subscription, from Mr. James Lott, sole agent for this District, who will immediately canvass the city for subscribers.

mh29

SEWING MACHINE.

REASONS FOR BUYING OR RENTING

SINGER'S

NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

AN inexperienced person can learn to use it in FIFTEEN MINUTES, and it cannot be put out of order in TEN YEARS when properly used.

In it are combined durability, simplicity, rapidity, quietness, cheapness; capacity for a great range of work, and the perfection of practical mechanism.

It sews fine and coarse, and with the least possible amount of thread.

It is a Sewing Machine that a lady can use without injury to her health, as the article being sewed is carried directly forward without the necessity of the operator stooping to guide it.

It is good for heavy cloth or light leather work, but is best of all for family use.

It sews quiet and quick, and with little exertion on the part of the operator.

It does its work perfectly after years of use, when other machines have become worthless, and sells for more, after TEN YEAR'S service, than the prime cost of such machines.

It is the cheapest investment a poor or prudent person can indulge in.

Compare the stitch made by it on CLOTH, SWISS, MUSLIN OR ILLUSION, with the sewing done by any other Sewing Machine, on like material, and the conclusion will be irresistible that there is BUT ONE SEWING MACHINE, AND THAT IS A

"SINGER."

☞We invite all to come and see for themselves, and be convinced that we claim no more for our machine than the machine itself is capable of proving.

All Machines Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

Silk twist for machine use and embroidering; superior linen thread, needles, oil, etc.; Clark's unrivaled soft finished spool cotton,

Wholesaled and Retailed at Manufacturer's prices.

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
275 Main Street, Opposite Court Square
mar28 MEMPHIS, TENN.

EDUCATIONAL.

BRINKLEY FEMALE COLLEGE
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

THIS Institution will open MONDAY, 4th of January, 1869. It is located at the southern terminus of DeSoto street, convenient to the street cars. The College grounds contain six acres, with buildings finely adapted to college purposes.

Terms per session of Five Months (in Advance):

For all branches of Education taught in Female Colleges, including a full course of English, Ancient and Modern Languages..... $30 00
For Harp, Guitar or Piano, Vocal and Instrumental..... 30 00
For Board in College, including furnished room, fuel, towels, lights and washing.....100 00
Day Scholars can pay by the month, in advance. No Incidental fees.

J. D. MEREDITH, President,
ja3 Memphis, Tenn.

MILLS.

GAYOSO PLANING MILL,
NO. 212 ADAMS STREET,
Memphis, - - - - Tennessee.

ALEX. RUSSELL. WM. FARRIS

RUSSELL, FARRIS & CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Patent Weatherboarding, Flooring, Moulding, Mantles, Casing, Cornices, Tracery Stair Railings, Wood Turning and Scroll Sawing.

AND all work pertaining to the internal and external finish of buildings,

Ornamental Decorations in Wood, of Grounds, Fences and Pleasure Gardens,

From the plainest to the most elaborate. We also work, and keep on hand for sale, all articles in our line.

RUSSELL, FARRIS & Co.

TO MY OLD FRIENDS.

In again entering into an active business as a manufacturer of Carpenters' and Builders' Material, I flatter myself that an experience of over twenty years with you has enabled me to understand your wants, and I am determained in the future, as in the past, to merit your patronage. My associate, Mr. Alex. Russell, is no stranger to this community. I need not speak of him as a mechanic and a manufacturer. We, therefore, throw our banner to the breeze.

WM. FARRIS.
March 15, 1869. mar18

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS for every description of Job Printing with DALTON & PRICE, No. 9 Jefferson street.

New Advertisements.

COTTON.

Cash Advanced on Cotton—Notice to Shippers.

WE are prepared to make Liberal Cash Advances on cotton in store in this city or for shipment to Messrs. David Dows & Co., New York. TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.
mar11

SADDLERY.

H. M. FERGUSON. J. N. PRIVETT.
FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
—DEALERS IN—
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF—
SADDLES and HARNESS,
No. 220 Main Street.
mar13

AUCTION.

EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF FURNITURE

Of an extensive establishment,

On the Premises,

Third Street, Corner of Washington,

—BY—

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

Thursday Morning, April 1, 1869.

We will sell as above,

Parlor,
Chamber,
Dining Room
Carpets, and Kitchen
Curtains. Furniture.
mar30

MARBLE VASES, ETC.,

At Auction,

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,

No. 231 Second Street,

TUESDAY, 30th Inst., at 11 o'clock,

A select assortment of Marble Vases, Tazzas, Fruit Stands, etc., including Two Pair very large and magnificent Vases.

mar28 W. H. PASSMORE, Auctioneer.

Furniture and Plated Ware,

At Auction,

TUESDAY, 30th inst., at 10 o'clock,

By W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,

231 Second Street.

FOUR splendid Parlor Sets, in Silk Reps and Tarry; Walnut and Rosewood M. T. Chamber Sets; Wardrobes, Hair Cloth and Enamel Cloth Lounges, Mattresses, etc.

Also, a large and select invoice of superior Silver Plated Ware.
mar28

MAIN STREET STORES

At Auction

ON THURSDAY, APRIL 1st,

WE will sell, on the premises, to the highest bidder, that valuable and commodious

Storehouse, No. 370, in Provine Block

At the northeast corner of Main and Gayoso streets, and No. 368, being the next adjoining Store. These houses are built upon lots fronting about twenty-one feet on Main street by a depth of about ninety-four feet—are four stories, the ground floors being designed for Stores and the upper stories for offices, sleeping rooms or for families—dry and fine cellars to both houses. The buildings are under rent until 1st October to good tenants, and must always command full prices.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half cash; balance in twelve months, with interest.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
mar21d&w Auctioneers.

SALE OF

Unclaimed Goods.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD CO., CLAIM AGENT'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, March 16, 1869.

THE following packages of goods will be sold, at public auction, at the Freight Depot of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, in thirty days from the date of this advertisement, to pay freight and charges:

1 Bundle bedding, consigned to J. Gillim.
1 Barrel, consigned to St. Louis Pkt Co.
2 Barrels, consigned to J. Hornitz.
1 Trunk, consigned to J. W. Watkins.
1 Keg, consigned to Miller & Jones.
2 Pieces sash, consigned to Russell & Groves.
1 Box mdse, consigned to E. O. Nerron.
1 Chest tools, consigned to F. Hayette.
3 Kegs, consigned to L. Parkhurst.
1 Bag

DAILY AVALANCHE.

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : March 30, 1869

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

All Business Letters should be addressed to "AVALANCHE," AVALANCHE Building, Memphis, Tenn. tf

Notice to Subscribers.—When papers are marked with an X the time will expire with the next number. tf

Notice to the Public.—All advertisements from this date will be cash, and must be *paid* for before they are inserted, except regular advertisers, whose bills will be presented every *two weeks*. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

Ixion hat at Francisco & Wiggin's. 1w

Satin parasols, $3 50, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

New spring style hats, the best and cheapest, at Wheaton & Co's. 3t

Large lot of White and fancy marseilles quilts at M. Kraus & Co's., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Grand opening of spring millinery goods on Wednesday, March 31st, at C. Doherty's, 338 Main street. 3t

King of the West Washer and Wringer for sale by H. Wetter & Co., No. 13 and 15 Monroe street. 2w

Dress trimmings, notions, hosiery, handkerchiefs, etc., etc., just received at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 4t

Dried venison hams, dried mutton hams and dried beef.
3t OLIVER, FINNIE & Co.

SEED POTATOES.—Two hundred barrels pinkeye potatoes for sale cheap. Anderson & Gay, corner Front and Union streets. tf

LAW AND LAMPPOSTS.—McKie & Lonsdale, who had the contract from the city to use the city lampposts for advertising purposes, object to the contract being revoked by the city. It had not been signed, owing to delay in the drawing up of the papers by the City Attorney, but the contractors had sold three posts, and exercised other rights under the action of the City Council. It appears not improbable that we may, before long, have on hand the great Memphis gas lamppost smashed contract case.

White and pink mosquito netting 45, 50, 65 and 75 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co's., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

OPENING OF ROBES AND MORNING DRESSES.—Monday, March 29, Menken Brothers will open new designs in ladies' robe de chambres at very low prices. 3t

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The Emmet Bank, No. 6 Madison street, sells exchange on England, Ireland, France, Germany, Italy, and Switzerland, and on all the principal cities and towns in Europe. 6t

LOST OR STOLEN.—A black pointer bitch, one year old, with nipped tail. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery at the Peabody Hotel.
March 29th, 1869. 2t

At MRS. M. C. HUNTER'S Southern Emporium of Fashion, 247 Main street, the ladies of Memphis and vicinity will find the finest assortment of bonnets, hats, French flowers, dress trimmings, laces, parasols, French corsets, gents' and children's underwear and dresses, all kinds of silk, linen and marseilles, sashes, lace points, and every variety of goods—best styles ever displayed in this city. Dress-making particularly attended to. We have made dress trimming a specialty, and are sure of pleasing all. Our Spring opening will take place on Thursday, April 1st, when everything will be exposed for inspection. 4t

Gent's elegant spring styles silk dress hats at WHEATON & CO's. 3t

Youth's hat—all new styles at Francisco & Wiggin's. 3t

Finest Mocha, Java and Laguayra Coffee.
3t OLIVER, FINNIE & Co.

Ladies' all linen handkerchiefs $1 25 per dozen at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Grand opening of spring millinery goods on Wednesday, March 31st, at C. Doherty's, 338 Main street. 3t

Men's British half hose, $4 50 per dozen, worth $6, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

See the King wash before you buy a washing machine. Only $25 00 with the Gipson Wringer. 2w

Lawn Dale 4-4 bleached domestic, at fifteen cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Spring silks and spring poplins—striped and checked, and all desirable shades, just received at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 4t

AN UNWELCOME CROP.—The warm sun and the fruitful rains bring the abundant corn, but pressure, accident, ill-fitting shoes, and other causes, bring the unwelcome curse of corns. They are unmitigated torments, always waiting to mar enjoyment. Why should we bear this curse? Dr. Lane, the great chiropodist, stands ready with skill and science to eradicate, ease, comfort; the power of walking when and where your will awaits your pleasure. Send for the doctor and let the corns go—they are not worth keeping, and why keep them? Go to Dr. Lane.

Castillian hat at Francisco & Wiggin's. 1w

Young men's spring style silk dress hats, very fine, at Wheaton & Co's. 3t

NEW SPRING GOODS.—New spring goods just received at Howell, Wood & Co.'s Southern Palace, 332 Main street. 4t

Ladies' white cotton hose, $1 75 per dozen, worth $3, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

VACCINATION.—The small-pox still lingers in the haunts where filth and bad ventilation favors disease. We are glad to learn that for the First and Second Wards a physician, Dr. Donahue, has been appointed by the Aldermen of those wards, for the purpose of vaccinating all applicants who are not able to pay, and in no case to receive more than fifty cents for each patient. This is done in compliance with a resolution adopted by the City Council, and similar appointments will be made for the other wards. The Aldermen of each ward are to accompany the vaccinator to see that all persons in their respective wards are vaccinated.

General Prim hat. Francisco & Wiggin. 1w

Boy's and children's hats, all the new spring styles, cheap, at Wheaton & Co's. 3t

Grand opening of spring millinery goods on Wednesday, March 31st, at C. Doherty's, 338 Main street. 3t

King of the West Washer and Wringer will remove all stains and streaks from clothing. 2w

Please call at M. Kraus & Co's., 218 Main street, corner of Adams, and examine their black and colored silks and black and colored alpacas. tf

Call and examine the elegant line of dress goods for spring suits, just received at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 4t

ROTTEN ROW.—The tidings of small-pox being in the city have reached the country, and letters received by several of our merchants show that some of their correspondents are already taking the alarm, and expressing fears as to the danger of visiting the city. Here is another reason, added to the possible loss of life, why precautionary measures should be adopted. The City Council has accordingly resolved upon effectual sanitary proceedings, and has directed that the infected houses in Rotten Row, in rear of Howard's Row, shall be closed as nuisances. There are one or two other spots that may require similar action.

All colors silk fringe, colored satin and new styles dress buttons at M. Kraus & Co's., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Southern Emporium of Fashion, 247 Main street. Mrs. M. C. Hunter will have her spring opening on Thursday, April 1st. 4t

"COOKERY."—Any one desing it, can get a No. 1 Receipt book, *free*, made especially for using with *Morgan's Self-rising Flour*, by calling on us, or sending their address, when it will be mailed free.
2t OLIVER, FINNIE & Co.

10-4 bleached sheeting fifty cents per yard at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

COAL.—Just received new stock best Pittsburg coal; also a lot of the celebrated Cannell coal, the best parlor and cooking coal in the world.
BIGLEY, MELLERSH & Co.,
4t South Court and Main streets.

All wool cassimeres at seventy-five cents per yard at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

WOMAN'S FICKLENESS.

Shattered Projects, Wounded Feelings, and Jealousy in the Ascendent.

Murder and Revenge.

SIX or seven years ago a man named Gorman kept a grocery on Beale street in this city. He was doing well in business and married here. This commencement of domestic bliss was fatally interrupted by the appearance of a lady from New Jersey who, with her family of three children, claimed the faithless Gorman as husband and father, and he left Memphis in their company. The unfortunate and betrayed woman remained behind; a little daughter was her solace in her desertion. Such is the account that is given of an unfortunate woman, whose sorrows connected with cannibal projects was unhappily not yet at an end. Sometime ago she became acquainted with Mr. John Kenneday, an Iron moulder by trade, a steady, industrious, honest man, who stands well with those who are acquainted with him. Kenneday and Mrs. Gorman recently became intimate friends, and Kenneday's feelings ripened into passionate love. He wooed her and won her consent to a marriage with him, and joyfully set about preparing a home for her who had won his deepest affections, and whom he expected to make his life's companion. He took a house, and furnished it at an expense of seven or eight hundred dollars. Everything was prepared for domestic life. The very coal and wood were laid in, and the arrangements for the marriage supper were completed. Then she for whom all this was done, refused his home and him! This his feelings were lacerated, and his brain maddened with wounded pride, disappointed hope, and crushed affection, it is easy to believe. Unfortunately, he brooded over his woes. He believed some intruder had won the heart he had thought his own, and he formed projects of vengeance against the serpent that had brought despair and anguish into his bright and flowery paradise. He watched for a confirmation of his fears, and determined to seek revenge, now he was denied happiness! On Sunday night, between seven and eight o'clock, he saw how he viewed as the cause of all his sufferings, walking on Madison street, between Second and Third, in company with Mr. Peter Crowley, a man of considerable dispositions, and esteemed in that character, greatly esteemed by all who knew him. Kenneday, now blinded and maddened with all the wild passions of unrestrained jealousy, drew from beneath his dress two pistols, and so armed he approached the man he had marked as his victim, and in the hoarse tones of irrepressible passion declared that he should die, and by his hand! His accents, his threats, the deadly weapons presented toward them, caused the couple to stand almost stiffened with fear, to which was added the terrified shrieking of the little girl who was accompanying her mother. Kenneday ordered the man he had doomed to kneel, and so receive his death! This aroused the horror-stricken Crowley, and he sought safety in flight, bounding with the fleetness of a deer toward the corner of Third and Madison. But the maddened victim of jealousy and disappointed love was behind him. His enemy closed upon him, and, placing one of the two pistols which he carried, to his back, he fired! The wound was fatal, though not immediately so; the man's lungs were pierced, and death was inevitable. This act of blind and unreasoning vengeance completed, the miserable Kenneday, with the crime of murder piled upon his mountain of woes, fled! Crowley was taken to a room connected with Clark & Co.'s watch store, at the corner of Main and Madison, by which firm he has been employed for some years as jeweler. There the ball was extracted, and the consolations of religion were administered to him by a priest of his church; and there, at three o'clock next morning, he breathed his last. Up to last night Kenneday had not been apprehended. During the war he served with credit in Clay Kelly's Confederate regiment. A more lamentable tragedy was never enacted in Memphis. We cannot but pity the unhappy Kenneday, driven on to madness by disappointed passion. The fate of the luckless Crowley must excite compassion in every bosom. Of her who was in his company when the sad tragedy occurred, we forbear to speak—there are sorrows too sacred for public comment.

Young gents' Fifth avenue dress hat at Francisco & Wiggin's, Peabody Hotel. 1w

"New Port Hat" at Francisco & Wiggin's, Peabody Hotel. 3t

All linen towels $1 50 per dozen at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

STAPLE AND PLANTATION GOODS.—A full line always on hand at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 4t

Job lot of corsets at $1 each, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

News in Brief.

Spring yesterday, bright sun and cerulian skies, flowers coming, birds preparing their song.

Dr. G. K. Duncan's residence, at Raleigh, was burned down last week. Loss $2,500; no insurance.

A. Tuble, a negro employed on the steamboat Caldwell, was yesterday committed to jail for trial by Esquire Kiernan.

At the lower stationhouse Peter Tooley and T. Sullivan were fined ten dollars each for having their saloons open on Sunday.

Lamppost advertising, practiced in Cincinnati, is postponed for the present. The city's contract for that purpose is abrogated.

We had a call yesterday from Mr. Matthews, of the Des Arc *Citizen*, who arrived from Louisville, and will leave for home this evening.

The City Engineer, Mr. Humphries, is setting the stake for widening Rayburn's avenue from forty to sixty feet—an excellent improvement.

Leaving teams in the streets unattended is a dangerous practice, for being guilty of which J. Donnigan was yesterday fined by the Police Commissioners.

In addition to Ed. Worsham and Prof. Ogen's velocipede rinks, two others have been opened, one in the Irving and another in the Stillman Block.

A carriage smash-up occurred at the head of Beale street, on Sunday evening. A gentleman and lady, its occupants, managed to come unhurt from the catastrophe.

A committee of the City Council solemnly reports that "probably two-thirds of the city population are non-church going people." Will not somebody send missionaries to Memphis?

The working men of this city are preparing to hold a public meeting on the subject of establishing co-operative stores. Mr. Trevellis, of the National Labor League, will deliver an address.

Wm. Brown is black and his deeds are those of darkness. On Saturday he tried to "rope-in" a jetty friend with "the lock game," a heavy fine from the Commissioners was inflicted yesterday.

A lot of base ball players and loafing lookers-on were routed on Sunday by the Pearne brigade as they were enjoying their usual exercise at the head of Court street, beyond the Charleston depot.

The velocipedists were out on their unfeeding nags on Sunday; an unskilled rider occasionally made a rapid descent, professedly for the purpose of making a critical examination of the Nicolson pavement.

A hack-driver was arrested on Saturday for having another person with him—it should be remembered that the city ordinances do not allow two persons to the same vehicle—too often one helps the other to cheat.

William Brown, a negro practicer of a little swindling implement known as "the lock game," was fined fifteen dollars yesterday, for taking his walks abroad with that device as his traveling companion and general provider.

Several negroes were arrested yesterday on charge of stealing Mrs. General Forrest's gold watch and chain. Ada, a servant in the house, acknowledged herself to be the criminal. Detective Garrett, "worked up" the case.

A pane of glass over the door of Mr. H. F. James' room, in the Waldran block, was broken on Sunday night, and a child must have been introduced through it into the room, for in the morning two blankets and a bedspread had disappeared.

Council has taken steps towards opening the Hernando and Third street, between Gayoso and the alley. The more important work of opening it from the alley to Union, where the communication would be completed, remains to be done.

Several saloon-keepers and others were arrested on Sunday on the charge of selling liquor or other articles on that day. Most of them were discharged, but P. W. Duffy was fined twenty-five dollars, and Patsey Kelley and H. Heuk ten dollars each.

Sam Green is a jet black, and his wife, Jane Green, is a lively yellow. Jane had been out; Sam ordered her to tell him where. She refused, and he slapped her; she retorted by throwing brick at him. The green, yellow and black couple were fined ten dollars each.

A witness in a case before Commissioner Richards complained yesterday that there is "a regular cannonading" every night about the corner of Jefferson and Union streets. The artillerists he believed came from a locality known as "Shirt-tail Bend." The practice of firing guns and pistols is a prevalent one in the neighborhood mentioned.

Spring style hats; all the latest novelties at Francisco & Wiggin's. 3t

Wheaton & Co., hatters, have all the latest spring style hats—cheapest in the city. 3t

Dress goods twenty-five cents per yard at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

King of the West Washer wash free of charge at the residence of any person wishing a washing machine. 2w

A. F. Davis, No. 38 Adams street, is a thoroughly practical house and sign painter.

High-colored kid gloves, all shades and all sizes, at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 4t

Ladies are especially invited to attend the auction sale of silverware, watches, etc., at two p.m. to-day.
C. J. TYLER & Co., 213 Main street.

Tableaux vivants, Thursday and Friday nights, at Greenlaw Hall. Tickets fifty cents. Matinee Friday evening for children, to close with Punch and Judy. Admission twenty-five cents.

James Knowls is a negro who wants to live by headwork; he made a desperate attempt yesterday to victimise a youth by means of the double-lidded tobacco box, but the police took him, and the Commissioner fined him twenty-five dollars.

PERSONAL.—The following are among the arrivals at the Wornham House: Captain F. R. Windsor, Virginia; Dr. Benjamin F. West, Greenville, Miss.; Colonel Samuel Lyons and family, Tennessee; Fred. Wilson's minstrels, St. Louis; Colonel Haskel, agent for Spalding & Manning's minstrels.

Mr. Joe Jenkins, the popular agent in Little Rock of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, is in the city on a visit. He "hangs out" at the Peabody.

The action of the City Council at its last meeting gives good ground for hope that, at last, Memphis streets will be cleaned *regularly*—a cause for rejoicing.

The Macarthy concert troupe arrived last night at the Peabody Hotel.

Striped poplins fifty cents per yard, worth seventy-five, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Buy your hats of Francisco & Wiggin, leaders of the fashion, under Peabody Hotel.

Tableaux vivants, Thursday and Friday nights, at Greenlaw Hall. Tickets fifty cents. Matinee Friday evening for children, to close with Punch and Judy. Admission twenty-five cents.

All lovers of fine music should remember that the concert for the benefit of St. Lazarus' Church, which gave so much pleasure to its hearers, will be repeated, by request, at the New Assembly Hall on tomorrow (Wednesday) evening.

The programme will be greatly changed, and the list of well-known and favorite performers who will appear gives every assurance that the concert will, if possible, be even more delightful than the former.

Fine all linen lawns fifty cents per yard at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner Adams. tf

The latest styles and best qualities of gent's and youth's hats and caps, cheap, at Wheaton & Co's., 199 Main street. 3t

Southern Emporium of Fashion, 247 Main street. MRS. M. C. HUNTER will have her spring opening on Thursday, April 1st. 4t

Gentlemen, please look at those white shirts, undershirts, drawers and linen handkerchiefs, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

The velocipede accident which excited so much attention, at the corner of Second and Jefferson streets, on Saturday night, was unattended by any serious consequences. Mr. Morgan, who accomplished the feat of Professor Green, had passed down the declivity from Main street at a very rapid pace, when, on approaching Third street, the pin that holds the handles by which the implement is directed, fell out, and but for the skill of Mr. Morgan in guiding with his feet, a difficult feat, painful results might have been the consequence. As it was, a light fall, without bodily injury, was all that followed; but it appears that if the velocipede is a nag that eats no oats, still, some care is required in his grooming and management.

Printed Irish linen very cheap at M. Kraus & Co.'s., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

"The new style hat." Something elegant at Francisco & Wiggin's, Peabody Hotel. 3t

Large lot linens and cottonades at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Southern Emporium of Fashion, 247 Main street. Mrs. M. C. Hunter will have her spring opening on Thursday, April 1st. 4t

Country merchants wanting dry goods, examine the prices of M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams, before purchasing elsewhere. tf

The Courts.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*G. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The orders and entries made in this Court yesterday are as follows:

Case of Yates vs. Bankhead; motion for new trial granted.

Fitzmorris vs. Walsh; motion for new trial overruled.

Ruhl vs. Trigg; judgment for plaintiff, $472 50.

Sullivan vs. Teague; judgment for plaintiff, $187 87.

Leonard vs. Twohig; judgment for plaintiff, $157 52.

Leach vs. Hardwick; judgment for plaintiff, $777 37.

Atherton & Co. vs. Gieger; judgment for plaintiff, $289 90.

Luidg vs. Wood; judgment for plaintiff, $142 56.

Oertel vs. Phanenstien; judgment for plaintiff, $94 14.

Edmonds et al. vs. Graves et al.; judgment for plaintiff, $299 64.

Britton vs. Bambridge; judgment for plaintiff, $215 19.

Rahkolph vs. Burr & Co.; judgment for plaintiff, $136 98.

Ames vs. Rocco; judgment for plaintiff, $307 39.

Partee et al. vs. Evans; judgment for plaintiff, $300.

Winters vs. County of Shelby; judgment for plaintiff, $68 92.

Robertson vs. Scudder; judgment by default and writ of inquiry.

There are only two cases on the calendar for to-day, viz:

1822. Taylor vs. Savings Bank of Memphis.

1814. Mansfield & Co. vs. Winn.

CHANCERY COURT.—*William M. Smith, Chancellor.*—This Court was engaged all day yesterday in hearing the case of Watkins vs. Specht. The case not being concluded, was continued over until to-day, when the argument will close and the cause be submitted to the Chancellor. No more cases will be heard this term. Wednesday will be the last motion day. The remainder of the week will be devoted to closing up the undisposed business of the term, in preparatory to adjournment to Court in course, which will take place on Saturday next.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—In this Court the case of State, ex rel, John Canovan vs. A. P. Curry, Sheriff, continued from Saturday, came up for further and final hearing yesterday morning, and engaged the attention of the Court for some time. The argument having been concluded, the case was submitted. No opinion was rendered, however, His Honor, the Judge, taking the matter under advisement. No other business was transacted. To-day the regular calendar will be resumed, commencing with No. 150, Union Bank of Tennessee vs. Lamar et al.

CRIMINAL COURT—*William Hunter, Judge.*—This court convened yesterday morning and held a short session, but nothing of importance was done. To-day the calendar for the week, as published in Sunday's issue, will be called and the cases thereon disposed of as rapidly as possible.

Please look at the cheap table linen and Russia towels at M. Kraus & Co's., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

THE VESTRY ELECTIONS.—On Easter Sunday the various Episcopal churches in this city held their annual election for vestrymen. At Calvary church especial interest was manifested, as one party were in favor of retaining the present rector, and another of making a change. Intent on retaining a pastor who has their affection and confidence, the congregation carried their ticket by votes of from 131 to 159, while the other ticket ran from fifteen to twenty-one votes. The following gentlemen were elected; they stand in the order of their votes, beginning with the highest: G. A. Holst, W. B. Hamlin, W. Young, F. W. Smith, J. H. Bowen, Th. Trout, R. C. Wise, H. H. Hyde, A. D. Langstaff, L. M. Wolcott and Levi Joy.

At Grace church the following gentlemen were elected the vestry: O. B. Parkin, J. J. Freeman, Chas. Kortrecht, A. T. Lemon, W. Y. Cirode, W. R. Hunt, Luke W. Finlay, J. A. Ombery, R. B. Maury, Joseph Clarkson and W. A. Robinson, O. B. Parker and J. J. Freeman were elected wardens. The new vestry will meet to-day at four o'clock p.m., at the office of W. R. Hunt, Lee Block, Union street, for organization.

Huck towels $3 per dozen at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Southern Emporium of Fashion, 247 Main street. Mrs. M. C. Hunter will have her spring opening on Thursday, April 1st. 4t

THE DICKENS TRAGEDY.

Continuation of the Examination---Important Affidavits.

The investigation into the double murder at the house of Mr. Thomas Dickens, near Big Creek on the 19th of February, was resumed yesterday in the Circuit Court room before Justices Hill and Griffith.

Mr. T. P. Chambers, one of the counsel for the prosecution, read the following affidavit made by Green Wilson ten days previous to his death, and which was written out by himself:

SHELBY COUNTY, TENN.,
February 9, 1869.

This is to certify that R. H. Thompson made propositions to me to kill Thos. Dickens; he said that I should either have five or ten thousand dollars to do so; that Thompson said that money was at E. M. Apperson's in Memphis and that it was put there for that purpose; he did not say directly who put it there, but he gave me to understand that Dickens was to be killed for the benefit of W. H. Bolton; Thompson remarked that Dickens was bound to die; he made this proposition more than once, and he got me to go and see E. C. Patterson to confirm the trade; Thompson insisted that I should divide the money I got from Patterson; that is the money for killing Dickens, and Thompson was to divide with me the money that he got from E. C. Patterson for getting depositions in Missouri; I met E. C. Patterson and R. H. Thompson in Memphis, agreeable to the appointment that I had made with R. H. Thompson; Patterson took me and Thompson to a saloon and treated us, and then asked me whether Thompson had told me what was wanted. I told him he had, and he asked whether he could trust me. I told him he could; he then told me whatever Thompson told me would be all right; Thompson told me at that time, in the presence of Patterson, that there was no use of wasting money in it and that the money was not to be made but was already made, and asked what need we care so we got the money; a short time after, in October, 1868, I met Patterson in Memphis and he asked me what I would take to knock Dickens' chunk out—for me to say how much and he would pay me down, money in hand.

I was sick at the time and told him we had better talk about that some other time.

I was staying at Dickens' when two attempts were made to assassinate him; they were previous to any proposition from Thompson or Patterson to me; I thought I would wait further developments, and at the proper time disclose the facts and expose them.

GREEN WILSON.

Sworn to and subscribed before me February 13, 1869.
[Seal.] M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk.

General Wallace objected to the introduction of the affidavit, on the ground that it could not be used as legal evidence.

General Sale insisted the affidavit should be admitted as coming from a party who is dead, as proof, not of the truth of the present charge, but as evidence that a charge seriously affecting Patterson was in existence, and therefore a motive existed for becoming a party to the conspiracy charged against him.

Mr. Hallum said that the original and a copy of a document had been offered, and he wanted to know on what principle they were admitted. He wanted the counsel for the prosecution to show how they could introduce the copy when they had the original. He thought it was evidently fraud, and that the paper was not sworn to and the other was not. He contended that his client, Patterson, was entitled to the constitutional privileges in such cases.

Colonel Gantt argued that the affidavit was a link in the chain of evidence as against Patterson and went far to show a motive, and ought therefore to be admitted as testimony in the case. He referred from Wills on circumstantial evidence and other authorities in support of his argument. He contended that from the statements of the prosecution had only to show that the defendant may have been aware of the existence of the document. He said that Patterson might very naturally have received his information on the subject from Thompson, and in support of this theory referred to Mr. Clark's testimony as to what occurred in front of Mr. Lovenstein's store when Clark slapped Thompson on the back, and told him he had seen a very "ugly" document in which his (Thompson's) name was inserted several times. Thompson did not inquire what kind of a document it was, or what was the nature of it, but became very excited, talked incoherently, and muttered the name of Wilson. This showed he knew something about the document, and it was natural to suppose that he may have informed Patterson about it, and therefore it could be admitted in evidence.

The Court then adjourned till nine o'clock this morning, when General Wallace will reply to Colonel Gantt's argument.

Ladies, please look at those perfumed bouquet fans at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. Very cheap. tf

THE RADICALS IN COUNCIL.

Disunion in the Ranks! The Saints Faithless! Hunter Denounced! Beecher Excommunicated!

A Radical meeting was held in the Municipal Courtroom last night for the purpose of healing schisms, comforting bleeding hearts, and binding together the fleecy who are sorely tried by the wandering of sheep once the very choice of the fold. The company was not numerous; not a penny whistle of music threw a cheering note into the gloomy chamber, whose dingy hues appeared yet darker from the gloom left by a few jets of gas that burned with the feebleness of approaching extinction. In the struggling light the dim forms and jetty complexions and oddly gleaming eyes of the "Sons of Ham" present were fitted for a scene from "Faust," or an added horror to "Der Freischutz!"

In tones of melancholy, subdued by surrounding influences, somebody proposed that the ever-faithful Matthias, once a newspaper reporter, and, therefore, not unacquainted with sufferings, should preside. In accents of mild grief the ayes and noes were called; the ayes had it, and every aye was a sigh! Boan, a venerable brother of color, made a solemn address, remarkable only from its air of disconsolateness and its abundant negatives. "No Democrat had no right not to interfere in no Republican meeting, never!" Shaw was called for again, and yet again sad tongues called "Shaw," as if they called in pain, but no Shaw arose. Then one voice, with the first approach during the evening, toward sharpness, exclaimed, with a jerk: "O shaw! *That* did it." Slowly, we might say, mournfully, a form arose in front of the chairman, and the dying gaslight feebly glimmered on the features and habiliments of the great Ed., who is now a County Commissioner. He said Hunter had made charges against him in concert meeting, and challenged that Judge to arise and make them there. But there was no Hunter among that faded company, or that gloomy room—that chamber form from the castle of giant despair. Then "O, Shaw" proceeded to tell how Beecher, who once abounded in grace, had fallen from his first estate, and how Hunter, once the champion of openness and truth, had met in secret caucuses and actually "made up a slate," containing names for office not stamped with the seal of the elect; not anointed with the oil of the stout, smiling, unctuous Barbour. The groans of the faithful at these announcements, camp up from the depths of the darkness like the moans of lost souls, and the feeble light flickered with a yet more pallid ray. It was sad, it was almost desperate—Lucifer, the star of the morning, was fallen; where could trust be reposed?

Gallagher, the Alderman, who is too small to be able to reach high enough to put his own hat on, arose with healing on his wings to administer comfort; he dilated on the value of harmony among the party, and Gallagher for Criminal Judge! Hudson preached harmony and Hudson for Criminal Judge—no small Gallagher, thank you. Captain Cherry instilled harmony and Cherry for Prosecuting Attorney. Craig advocated harmony and Craig for Attorney General. Dr. Shaw demanded harmony, and said he was seeking no office at all! This was a staggerer —a Radical and not seek an office! The meeting could not survive the idea, and quickly adjourned to meet again to-night at Africa Bailey's Church, far away on South street.

Merchant tailors will do well to look at those cloths, cassimers and tailors' trimmings at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. tf

Amusements.

The Theater was thronged last night to witness the performance of Wilson's Minstrels. Many ladies were present. In one word, the minstrels were *excellent*. They drew from the audience warm applause and hearty laughter. Fredericks is worthy his renown; Kelly's singing is sweet and rich; Billy Barry merits more praise than we have room for to-night; and see E. C. Patterson to confirm the Fred. Wilson is fun personified. A splendid bill to-night. Everybody will enjoy these fine performances.

Harry Macarthy is a name known "from torrid tropics to the freezing pole." He is "home again," and the great actor, author, and mimic will appear before a Memphis audience to-night at the Greenlaw Opera House. Lottie Estelle, Annie Blake and Ten Nebouin are of his troupe. The performance will be one of Macarthy's successes, and the lovers of music will greet them with a crowded house.

The Varieties was well attended last night, and never was an audience better pleased. Singing, dancing, fun, all were excellent. Miss Sallie Eldridge, who has been absent, was received with the enthusiasm she always inspires. A great bill and the Can-Can to-night.

The Christian Church Concert, last night, was a fine occasion. We wish we had space to say what it merits. "Father, come home" was touching; "Lallah Rookh" was grand; but we have no room to particularize. The tableaux will be repeated to-night and we advise *everybody* to go.

The Gaieties had a charming performance and a good house last night. De Berger was in good voice, and Hank and Tooley were fine. To-night Mr. Etley has a splendid show. There is sensation hatching at the Gaieties—it will burst out before long.

The Grand Fair for the benefit of St. Mary's Church, which was set for yesterday, will open at Stillman's Block on Thursday.

St. Mary's Catholic church has a fair, commencing the 1st of April, at Stillman Hall.

Father O'Brien of Cape Girardeau, Mo., lectures on "Temperance" at St. Peter's church this evening.

The concert that was to have been given at St. Paul's Church last night is postponed until Monday next.

The Irish Literary Association ball, at Cochran Hall, takes place to-morrow night. It will be an enjoyable affair.

The Central Baptist church tableaux will be exhibited on Thursday and Friday.

Sea Island and bleached domestics at extraordinary bargains, by M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner Adams. tf

FATAL STABBING.

A Negro Assassin---Three Stabs for Two Dollars.

A Radical meeting was held in the Municipal Courtroom last night for the purpose of healing schisms, comforting bleeding hearts, and binding together the fleecy who are sorely tried by the wandering of sheep once the very choice of the fold. The company was not numerous; not a penny whistle of music threw a cheering note into the gloomy chamber, whose dingy hues appeared yet darker from the gloom left by a few jets of gas that burned with the feebleness of approaching extinction. In the struggling light the dim forms and jetty complexions and oddly gleaming eyes of the "Sons of Ham" present were fitted for a scene from "Faust," or an added horror to "Der Freischutz!"

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Bill Miller, clerk of the Legal Tender, left last night for Cincinnati to meet his boat, which loads there for White river, leaving on the third. She goes on the decks at Madison to be put in thorough repair preparatory to her White river campaign.

The splendid passenger steamer W. A. Caldwell, Captain Rube Haines, is the regular Tuesday Arkansas river United States mail packet, leaving to-day at five p.m. for all points on the Arkansas through to Fort Smith. Jack Chambers, who, by the way, is a sociable gentleman and efficient clerk, has charge of the office, assisted by Bob Shields.

The severe storm which prevailed on the river on Wednesday night last, sunk the wharf-boat at Lake Providence and blew the wharf-boat at Greenville on shore; the wind was very terrific, causing boats to take to the bank for safety.

Captain Frank Hicks, of the steamer Magnolia, arrived last night from Cairo, by rail. His magnificent steamer will be found at the wharf this morning to receive for New Orleans and the bends, and leaves this evening at five o'clock. Messrs. John Sullivan and Charley Smithers, two clever gentlemen and attentive clerks, have charge of the office. Frank Smith, the famous caterer, still reigns supreme over her cabins.

The Dexter has laid up at Louisville, and will be sold for the benefit of her creditors and owners. A meeting of creditors was held on Saturday, and Captain Broydon and Messrs. Duvall, Duckwall and Hilp were appointed a committee to superintend the disposal of her. We understand that her liabilities amount to about $30,000.

The fine steamer Natoma, Captain James Lee, is the regular Tuesday Friar's Point packet, leaving each evening at five o'clock. Messrs. B. P. Fields and Stack Lee are her agreeable and accommodating clerks.

Captain A. McGill has gone to New Orleans to take charge of the Belle Lee. She leaves there for Louisville on the 8th of April.

The St. Francis, Captain Bowman, leaves at five o'clock p.m., for St. Francis river. Messrs. Paine and Clark are her clerks.

Napoleon B. Jenkins, pilot of the illfated America, has appealed from the decision of the Local Board at Cincinnati, revoking his license to Colonel J. V. Guthrie, Supervising Inspector of the Sixth district. Colonel Guthrie will not examine the case until the Supervising Inspector of the Seventh district has sanctioned the appeal.

The splendid passenger steamer Belle Lee, Captain Lawrence Carter, arrived on Sunday from Cincinnati, with a cargo of miscellaneous freight. She leaves on Wednesday with a day's trip. Captain Chris Hoffman returned from St. Louis yesterday and has assumed command of "Guidon's band." She leaves on Wednesday evening with a return trip, with Captain Garret Huls, who is a great favorite for getting freights, in charge of the office.

The Yalobusha and the Abetuponbogue have been swelled by the late rains way above their banks some two feet higher than at any time previous this season, flooding the low lands.

The superb steamer Belle Memphis, Captain Cairo, leaves to-day at five p.m. for Cairo and St. Louis. Billy Blenker presides in the office.

The following towboats left Pittsburg on Saturday: Sam Roberts, with 80,000 and Fearless, with 120,000 bushels, for Louisville; Fearless, with 200,000 bushels for Cincinnati, and Boaz, with 233,000 bushels for New Orleans.

The steamer W. Cheek, Captain Malone, sails to-day at five p.m. for Osceola and the bends. Frank Gonterman is clerk.

Captain John Ford returned Sunday evening from Helena with his powerful tug Nettie Jones. He towed the Star wharfboat to Helena, and made a quick trip of it.

The many friends of Captain James H. Tcshuh, formerly of the Marble City, are solicitous that he should be appointed Harbormaster at St. Louis. A better selection could not be made, and we commend that Captain Tschudi would make a faithful and efficient officer.

The Thompson Bean, Captain James Pepper, arrived last night from St. Louis, and leaves to-day at ten a.m. for New Orleans. She fills out here with 1,500 bales of cotton.

The Coosa is announced for Evansville to-day at five p.m.

Capt. Kounz, of the Red river trade, has contracted at Louisville for a new boat. The dimensions are as follows: Length, 235 feet; beam forty feet; with six and a half feet hold. Her machinery will consist of four boilers thirty feet long and forty inches in diameter; engines twenty-five inches in diameter and seven-foot stroke, with steam capstan fore and aft.

The snag-boat R. E. De Russey has since December 16th, 1868, been working between Ozark Island and Vicksburg. During the time she has been at work she has removed one hundred and fifty-one dangerous snags from the channel of the river, and cut down four thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven trees standing on caving banks and likely to form snags.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* thusly criticises the official doings of our most beloved office-holders of the State (so-called) of Arkansas. The correspondent, who is a Northern man, is cert

DAILY AVALANCHE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Through Mail (daily)	11:45 a.m.	1:00 p.m.
Through Express (daily, except Saturday)	10:50 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Corinth Accommodation, (daily, except Sunday)		5:50 a.m.
Grand Junction and Somerville Accom'dat'n (daily, except Sunday)	8:45 a.m.	4:15 p.m.

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 275 Main street and at the depot.

Through Express does not leave Saturday or arrive Sunday.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Day Express	3:00 p.m.	5 a.m.
Night Express	9 a.m.	4 p.m.

Sleeping car attached to Night Express trains which goes through to Nashville, via Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, without change.

Railroad time fifteen minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 275½ Main street; depot at head of Main street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
N. O. Mail (daily)	5:15 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
N. O. Express (daily, except Sunday)	8:30 a.m.	8:35 a.m.
Freight (daily, except Sunday)	3:00 p.m.	6:25 a.m.

Ticket office, 237½ Main street, and at the Depot. Time through to New Orleans, 24 hours. Omnibuses will call for passengers and check baggage in any part of the city, by leaving orders at 237½ Main street.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

To Madison and Little Rock, Ark.

Going West—Leave Memphis daily.....7:30 a.m.
Going East—Arrive at Madison.....7:00 p.m

S. B. BEAUMONT Gen'l Sup't.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

DEPART—For Chattanooga, Richmond Washington, New York, Baltimore and all cities East and South; Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala., and all stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads at.....12 m.
Arrive at.....11:45 a.m.

DEPART—For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, and all cities North and West, at.....3:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....8:00 p.m.

DEPART—For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South at.....3:30 p.m.
Arrive at.....3:15 p.m.

DEPART—For all Stations on the Mississippi and Tennessee, New Orleans and Jackson and Southern Railroads, at.....3:30 p.m
Arrive at.....

DEPART—For Louisville, Cincinnati and New York, and stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Nashville Railroads and all Eastern cities, at.....5:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....9:00 a.m.

DEPART—Memphis and Little Rock Railroad. Little Rock, Madison (Sundays excepted), at.....5:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....6:00 p.m

DEPART—For Marion, Wittsburg and Claibourne, Ark. (tri-weekly) Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at.....11:00 a.m.
Arrive at.....10:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Olive Branch and Hyatalla, Miss. (semi-weekly) Monday and Friday, at.....5:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....4:00 p.m.

DEPART—For Cuba and Big Creek, Tenn. (weekly) Friday, at.....11:00 a.m.
Arrive at.....10:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Little Rock and Helena, and all landings on White river (semi-weekly) Tuesday and Saturday, at.....4:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....9:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Pine Bluff and Helena, and all landings on Arkansas river (tri-weekly), Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at.....4:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....9:00 a.m.

DEPART—For all landings on the Mississippi river, south, (semi-weekly) Tuesday and Saturday, at.....4:00 p.m.
Arrive at.....5:00 a.m.

DEPART—For all landings on Mississippi river, north, (semi-weekly) Monday and Thursday, at.....3:30 p.m.
Arrive at.....9:00 a.m.

ROBERT C. GIST Postmaster.

Financial and Commercial.

Corrected daily by CITY BANK, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

GOLD AND SILVER.

	BUYING.	SELLING.
American gold	30 @31	31½@32
Gold drafts on New York	— @ —	29@30
Silver	25 @ —	28 @30

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.

	BUYING.	SELLING.
Exchange on Northern and Eastern cities	¼ dis. to par	¼ prm
Exchange on N. Orleans	¾ dis.	—@¼ prm.
" " Nashville	½@— dis.	¼@prm.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

On England per £ sterling	$4 60
On Ireland per £ sterling	4 60
On Scotland per £ sterling	4 60
On France, 5 francs for	1 23
On Germany 1 gold thaler	1 06
" " 1 florin	40
On " 1 guilder	56
" " 1 silver	1 06
On Sweden 1 riksdaler	40
On Norway 1 Specie thaler	1 47

UNITED STATES BONDS.

Bonds of 1881	113	5-20's of '65, new	112½
5-20's of '62	117½	5-20's of '67, new	112½
5-20's of '64	113	5-20's of '68, new	112½
5-20's of '65	115	10-40's	104½

SCRIPS.

	BUYING.	SELLING.
City scrip	74@75	77@80
County scrip	70@—	75@78
Police scrip	90@—	98@—
School scrip	90@—	95@—

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.
40's, war of 1812	1 40
80's "	90
120's "	120
320's, 160 war of 1812	320
160's, 80 war of 1812	160
160's not war of 1812	145

MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

Tennessee bonds, old	65@
" " new	64@
" " coupons	80@
Memphis city bonds, plain	84½@
" " ind'd by M & C R. R.	80@
M. & L. R. R. 8 per cent. bonds	68@—
" " 7 per cent. bonds navy yard ex coupons	60@
Memphis and Charleston Railroad stock	40@
Miss & Tenn R. R. 1st mortgage bonds	65@—
" " " 2d "	24@
" Central " 1st "	44@
" " " 1st " coupons	90@
" " " 2d " bonds	24@
" " " 2d " coupons	30@
M. and O. R. R. 6 per cent. bonds	25@
" " 10 per cent. bonds	35@

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE, }
MONDAY EVENING, March 29, 1869. }

In our general market business has been very dull for the week, and at the close exhibits no improvement, notwithstanding a more animated movement in cotton since our last weekly review of commercial affairs. The weather is fine and planters are making the most of it, in putting in their crops, and until some headway is made in this matter, and the stock of cotton on hand is reduced, it will hardly be reasonable to look for any animation. We still hear considerable complaint of scarcity of labor and many planters have been obliged to go North in search of hands, while some contracts for the season involve wages one hundred per cent. higher than paid last year. Our cotton market is dull at the close in consequence of the absence of advices from Liverpool, in which market business has given way to the usual Easter festivities. This will continue until Friday or Saturday, perhaps, after which we may reasonably look for more animation. If we remember correctly, it was on the third of April, of last season, that cotton became active again, after several weeks of inactivity. Against the chances of higher prices, however, we have continued deplorable accounts of the state of trade in Manchester, accompanied by reports of further failures among spinners.

In the money market Eastern exchange is generally reported easier, with ¼ per cent. the ruling rate of discount in cotton engagements and ¼ per cent. premium in checking. New Orleans exchange is dull at par selling and cotton bills are ⅝@½ per cent. discount. Late sales of cotton have eased the banks both in money and exchange. As exceptions to the general feeling in Eastern exchange, we note transactions between bankers at $1 50 per $1,000 premium, to meet immediate requirements.

Gold has been dull but partly sustained by a large short interest in the New York market. It opened in New York to-day at 131, was 131¾ at noon, and closed firm. In our market business is very light and dealers report a lack of animation at 131 buying and 132 selling.

Scrip is inactive but generally firmer, dealers asking 76@78 for city balances and 75 for county warrants, while police scrip is scarce at 98. In buying, dealers allow 70@72 for county, 75 for city and 96 for police. There are few calls from tax-payers and offerings are equally scant.

Stocks and securities are scarce and in demand. Dealers report a good inquiry for city bonds at 51½@52 and none offering. Government securities find a ready market at New York rates or a fraction lower.

Our New York dispatches continue to report money stringent at 7 per cent. in gold and commissions, on call. As a consequence stocks and securities are dull. To-day there was some animation in the former on account of the bears covering, while from a similar cause gold was sustained. Latest quotations from New York are as follows:

Tennessee bonds, old	—
Tennessee bonds, new	—
Bonds of 1881	110½
5-20s of '62	118
5-20s of '64	113½
5-20s of '65	115½
5-20s, new, of '65	112½
5-20s, new, of '67	112½
5-20s, new, of '68	112½
10-40 bonds	105
Pacific 6s	104½
Wells & Fargo Express	30½
American Express	41
Adams Express	59
United States Express	58½
Merchants' Union Express	18½
Quicksilver	19½
Canton	58½
Pacific Mail	91½
Western Union Telegraph	97½
New York Central	156½
Erie	30½
Hudson	138
Reading	91½
Chicago and Alton	131
Chicago and Alton preferred	131
Toledo, W. and Ft. W.	89½
Toledo, W. and Ft. W. preferred	77
St. Paul	50½
St. Paul preferred	76½
Fort Wayne	125
Ohio and Mississippi	32½
Michigan Central	117½
Michigan Southern	96½
Illinois Central	139
Cleveland and Pittsburg	99
Cleveland and Toledo	103½
Rock Island	101½
Chicago and N. W.	89½
Chicago and N. W. preferred	91½

Freights on cotton Eastward are again settled at $1 per 100 pounds to New York, and $1 10 to Boston, all rail. During the week, rates have been as low as 65@75c. The rates to New Orleans, per river, is now $1 per bale.

The returns of the British Board of Trade for 1868 exhibit a falling off to some extent in the general trade of the country, but the figures are not so unfavorable as the depression in the manufacturing districts had led some to expect. The value of the exports during the year amounted to £179,463,644, against £180,961,923 in 1867, and $188,917,536 in 1866. These figures indicate a tendency on the part of trade to recuperate after the severe commercial revulsion of 1866, for while there is a falling off in the exports to the extent of eight millions sterling in 1867 as compared with 1866, the further diminution last year did not exceed a million and a half. The returns relating to imports are more encouraging. The figures relate only to eleven months of 1868, during which period the value of the imports was declared at £317,530,365, against £308,526,035 in 1867, and £225,236,105 in 1866. These figures show an increase in regard to imports of nine millions upon 1867, while, taking into account that another month's returns have yet to be added, it is probable that the total will not fall much short of that given for 1866. The imports of bullion last year were £24,852,595, and the exports £20,220,014.

It is evident that the pork theory advanced by the AVALANCHE some time ago is about to work out its destiny. We claimed that high prices would result by bringing forward substitutes and cut off consumption. It is not uncommon to find in our Southern exchanges articles agreeing with the following from the Mobile *Register:*

There seems to be a growing disposition on the part of planters, stimulated by letters of advice from the factors, to curtail the consumption of pork as much as possible while the present ruinous prices rule. A cheap substitute is now coming to this market which, it is believed, will soon effect materially the position of pork. We allude to pickled beef put up in Texas and sold in this market at a greatly less cost than pork or bacon. If planters should adopt the policy of using one-third or more of beef, it would, undoubtedly, force packers and speculators in the West to submit to prices much below those ruling at present. The beef we allude to is of excellent quality, put up at Victoria, Texas, near Lavaca, where, we learn, the parties engaged in the business are prepared to furnish an almost unlimited quantity.

In regard to provisions in Cincinnati, we copy Phillips' circular of the 26th instant, as follows:

The market for provisions during the week past has been rather quiet, and with the exception of a day or two past, holders were willing to make no concessions in prices. The trade in most articles has been small and a disposition to force prices down manifested itself, but was freely met by buyers at the decline on speculative account, which counteracted the decline, and to-day all articles are held with much more firmness. The season of Lent is now at an end, and next month will test prices as to the future. While prices are high stocks are light, and the prevalence of hog cholera may decrease the anticipated supply of spring and summer hogs, thus reducing the quantity of ice-cured stuff. Our market to-day closes quiet but firm at quotations below: Mess pork is held firmly at $32 with buyers, and $31 50 cash for city; country 50c less in barrel. Rumps are in light supply and much inquired for, but at lower prices than holders are willing to accept, @26 to $29 is the asking prices, as to quality. Lard has declined a little with buyers, with 15½c for prime kettled, but it is firmly held at 18¾c; prime steam leaf sells at 18¾c, and whole hog at 18c; head and gut nominal at the usual difference; keg, 20c; Scarion bill; sales of choice at 17½c. Bulk meats quiet, with buyers at 12¾, 14¾, 15½ and 16c, loose; for shoulders, sides, clear rib sides and clear sides, but ¼c more is generally asked, and it is difficult to buy at less; hams, 15c; sweet pickled hams dull and nominal at 16c. Bacon quiet; buyers at 13¾, 15¾, 16½ and 17c, for shoulders, rib, clear rib and clear sides, and holders demand ¼c more; plain hams, 17 to 17½c; sugar cured, 18 to 19c, cured and packed. Plate beef dull at 17 to 19; dried, 18 to 18½c, cured and packed. Lard oil, $1 55. Exports of the week were 3,460 barrels and 706 kegs lard; 681 hhds, 1,161 tierces and 111 boxes; bulk and bacon, 224,778 lbs., loose meats, and 772 bbls. pork. Imports—401 bbls. lard; 113 hhds., 372 bbls. pork, and 664,121 lbs. bulk meats. Freights unchanged. The demand for half hhds. of bacon from the South has been large, but we heretofore have not used them. I am glad to state that they are now being made, and in future orders for them can be filled.

Cotton Market.

Since our last weekly report uplands have advanced to 12¾d in Liverpool, and the result has been a more active movement, sales being about 4,500 bales, of which about 3,000 bales was taken on European account. The ruling prices were based on 25½c for good ordinary and 26½c for low middling, but ⅛c higher has been realized in several transactions, as instanced in a sale of 500 bales good ordinary at 26c on Saturday, and 280 bales low middling on Friday. Ordinary cotton has been more active, selling at prices ranging from 24 to 25c, but is less in demand at the close. Sales to-day were about 700 bales (chiefly on Bremen account) of which 160 bales strict good ordinary at 26c, 60 barely good ordinary at 25¾c, 42 good ordinary at 25½c and 87 strict ordinary at 24¾c, were the principal items. We have had no advices from Liverpool since Thursday, on account of "Easter doings," and New York has since been dull, but New Orleans has been active. As many needy holders have unloaded during the week, the market is now stronger, especially for the better grades. In addition to the exports given in the statement below, there are about 2,000 bales in process of shipment. Receipts at the ports last season were 32,000 bales, making 1,774,000 bales for the season, against 1,583,000 bales in 1868. Exports for the season foot up 986,000 bales, against 1,281,000 bales in 1868.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, March 26, 1869. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868	67
Received this week	3,006
Received previously	219,636—222,642
	222,709
Exported this week	3,927
Exported previously	194,482—198,409
Stock on hand and in transitu	24,300

Receipts for the week 3,006 bales and exports 3,927 bales against 4,765 received, 4,786 exported last week and 3,309 received, and —— exported in 1868.

Since Saturday receipts were 160 bales per M. & C. Railroad, 39 per M. & T. Railroad, 219 per M. & O. Railroad, 280 per river, and 50 per wagon, making a total of 728. Exports for the same time were 225 per M. & C. Railroad, 500 per M. & O. Railroad, 273 per M. & T. Railroad (South), and 550 per river, making a total of 1,548 bales.

Our table of comparative receipts is as follows:

	1868-9	1867-8
September	2,525	2,384
October	23,051	21,781
November	46,567	46,781
December	50,422	46,836
January	55,466	47,019
February	35,380	33,360
March 29	19,279	30,532
Total	3,236,42	341,729

The total receipts for March, 1868, were 20,754 bales, and for the balance of the season, 7,676 bales in April, 2,604 in May, 521 in June, 206 in July, and 154 in August.

New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, March 29, 10:50 a.m.—Market opens dull, demand moderate. Sales at all the ports Saturday, 67,000 bales. Receipts at all the ports 5,500 bales. Uplands, 28¾c; Orleans, 29½c.

2:15 p.m.—Cotton market is unchanged in prices. Sales up to this time to-day, 1,000. Receipts to this time to-day, 4,000 bales.

GENERAL MARKET.

ALE, ETC—Agents prices are as follows: Sand's stock ale per hf bbl, $12; porter per hf bbl, $12; pale cream ale per hf bbl, $11 50; lager beer per hf bbl, $11 50; Scotch ale per dozen bottles, $2 25. On vessels returned, $3 per hf bbl, and 25c per dox bottles allowed.

BRAN—Dull at $26 per ton, jobbing in store, and $24 for lots on consignment, on levee. During the week there have been sales at $23 per ton on arrival.

BUTTER—Quiet at 42½@43c for choice Western yellow in tubs, with inferior discriptions 30@40c.

BACON—Market dull for all descriptions and prices irregular. Clearsides, 17½@18¾c; shoulders, 14½@15½c; plain hams, 16½@17½c; sugar-cured hams, 18¾@19½c.

BEANS—Strictly choice navy are scarce, while common and mixed are in fair supply at $2 50@3 per bushel, in a small way.

BALE STUFFS—No demand and prices nominally unchanged.

COFFEE—Very dull and holders anxious to unload. In a jobbing way, Rio is generally 20 to 25c and Java 35 to 38c, according to quality.

CORN MEAL—In fair request and firm at $3 75 for fresh bolted and $4 for kiln dried, per bbl in store, in small transactions. We note sales of lots on consignment at $3 50@3 60 for fresh and $3 65@3 85 for kiln dried, on levee. Our city mills are supplying fresh meal at $3 50@3 75 per bbl.

CORN—Receipts light until Friday and sales quick at 77½ to 78c for shelled, on arrival, since which time the receipts have been heavy, which with a withdrawal of distillers, results in a decline of 2½ to 5c. Saturday and to-day there were small sales on levee at 72½ to 75c but 70c was the best bid on a consignment of 2,200 sks. In store prices are 77½ to 80c in a jobbing way.

CEMENT—Dull at $2 75 per bbl for Louisville, in a jobbing way, in store. A consignment of 100 bbls was offered at $2 25.

COTTON SEED—Common seed in demand at oil factories at $11@12 per ton. Holders of fancy seeds sell to planters at $3 to $3 33 per bushel for Peeler, $15 for Moina (or 5 bushels at $60), $1 50@2 for Dunaway, and $5 for Dickson.

CANDLES—Quiet at 17½ to 18½c for star 12 oz, and 24 to 25c for full weights in boxes, half boxes and quarters.

CASTOR BEANS—In demand and no receipts.

DRIED FRUIT—Active at 9 to 12c for apples and 11 to 15c for peaches.

EGGS—Have been active at 22 to 23c per doz, but under receipts the market closes lower, with sales at 20 to 21c per dozen.

FLOUR—Market has been very flat for the week and at the close is 50 to 75c lower. All grades are in excessive supply. A choice family brand can be bought at $9, but there are still some fancy brands held at former prices. We quote fine to super, $6@6 per bbl.

GREASE—In demand at 7 to 10c per lb.

HOMINY—Dull at $6@6 50 per bbl.

HIDES—In demand, buyers paying 24 to 25c for flint, 21 to 22c for dry salted, 11 to 13c for green salted and 9½ to 10c for green.

HAY—Market well supplied and easy. Prime timothy in first hands is held generally at $27 per ton, but we note a sale of 108 bales to-day at $26. In store prices range from $1 40@1 50 per hundred.

HARDWARE—Jobbing prices are as follows: Nails, 100, best brand, $5 to $5 25; common, $4 75 to $5. Hollow ware castings, ₱ lb 6c: Axes, Collins' ₱ doz, $15; do. Hunt's ₱ doz, $15. Trace chains, ₱ doz, assr't, $9 to $15. Manilla rope, ₱ lb, 25c. Cotton rope, ₱ lb, 45c. Hog skin collars, ₱ doz, $10 to $12. Root hames, double trees, do., ₱ doz, $16 56. Grind stone, ₱ lb, 3c. Avery plows, each, $4 15 @4 50. Bar iron, ₱ lb, 5½ to 7c.

LIME—Dull. Cape, $1 80@2 per bbl; Ohio river, $1 40@1 60; Alabama and Eureka, $2@2 25.

LARD—Market dull, In bbls and tierces, 19 to 20c; in kegs, 20½ to 21¼c; in caddies, 21¼ to 22½c, in store.

LEATHER—Market quiet. Oak sole ₱ lb, 42 to 45c; Hemlock sole, 35 to 38c; French calf skins ₱ doz, $50@80; American do., $30@50; linings, per doz., $3 50@12; toppings, $3@15.

MOLASSES—Market quiet at 70 to 90c per gallon for common to choice Louisiana in bbls, and 5@10c higher in hf bbls and kegs. Cuba molasses, 70c.

NAILS—Dull at $4 75 to $4 90 per keg for tenpenny.

OILS—Quiet. Carbon, 40 to 45c per gallon. Linseed, raw, $1 25 to $1 40; do. boiled, $1 30 to $1 50; train, $1 25 to $1 50 lard, $1 75@2; lubricating, 50 to 60; patent aurora, 25c.

ONIONS—Scarce and firm at $7@8 per bbl, in store.

OATS—Stock excessive and market dull, with small sales from lots on consignment at 65 to 70c, reported.

PORK—Very little demand and consignees under orders to sell have pressed lots to a sacrifice, as compared with other markets. In store mess is held generally at $32 50@33 and rump at $27@28 per bbl, but consignments have been forced on the market at 50c@$1 lower, in several instances. We quote bulk meats nominally 16½ to 17¼c, shoulders, 12¾ to 13¼c, in store. Dressed hogs we quote out of market for the season.

POTATOES—Very dull. Holders generally ask $2 75@3 per bbl for peachblows in store, but lots on the levee offered today at $2 50@2 60. No sale for seed varieties. Pinkeyes are offered at $8 50 but can be had lower. Sweet potatoes for seed nominally $2 25@2 50 per bushel.

POULTRY—Supplies have been scant and from competition between hucksters as high as $7@7 50 per dozen on chickens has been realized, but the market closes easier and we may note sales of 24 dozen chickens at $6, and 18 dozen turkeys at $21. We quote geese nominally $7@9 per dozen.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC—Collier's white lead, best, per keg, $13 50. Turpentine per gallon, 70 to 80c. Linseed oil per gallon, $1 25@1 50. Patent dryers per lb, 25c. Putty per lb, 8c.

POWDER—Quiet at $6 50 ₱ keg. for rifle

SUGAR — Inactive and nominal. Common to choice Louisiana, 13 to 16c; yellow clarified do., 16½ to 17½c; white clarified do. 18@18½c; hard refined, 18½ to 19c; coffee sugars, 16 to 18c; choice Demarara, 16½ to 17c.

SALT—Market unchanged. We quote small bbls common $2 50@2 75 and large bbls $3 30@3 50. Dairy salt, small bbls, $3 50@3 75 and large $4 50@4 75.

SOAP—We quote German 10c and yellow Erasive, 8 to 8¾c ₱ lb.

STARCH—Quiet at 7@8c per lb.

TALLOW—In demand, buyers paying 10 to 11c.

WHISKY—Demand light and confined to the better qualities. We quote high-wines nominally 90 to 92c per gallon.

Charles Moore was sued in St. Louis, Friday, for defiling his step daughter, about fifteen years old.

RAILROADS.

QUICK TIME EAST.

LOUISVILLE ROUTE ALWAYS AHEAD.

Spring Schedule,

COMMENCING February 15, 1869.

DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

RUN AS FOLLOWS ON THE

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

Leave Memphis (city time)	4:45 a.m.	9:45 p.m.
Leave Memphis (R. R. time)	5:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	7:25 p.m.
" Cincinnati	11:45 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
" Baltimore	5:20 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:20 p.m.	3:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	4:20 p.m.	3:10 a.m.
" New York	7:00 p.m.	6:15 a.m.
" Boston	6:00 a.m.	5:05 p.m.

Morning Train from Memphis does not run on Sunday.

Leave Memphis (R. R. time) 5:00 a.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Nashville.....2:30 p.m. 1:00 a.m.

Sleeping Cars on evening train from Memphis to Louisville, and from Memphis to Nashville.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company, at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board steamers, for all points East and North.

Telegraph office in the Ticket office, 237½ Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
SELL HOWELL, Passenger Agent. febl1

NASHVILLE AND MEMPHIS.

THE

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILROAD.

SHORT Route via McKenzie. The only Line running Sleeping Coaches between Memphis and Nashville. The very best and most pleasant route from Memphis and all points West and South-west to Nashville and Middle Tennessee.

Leave Memphis (city time).....4:05 a.m. 3:05 p.m.
Arrive at Nashville.....Noon. (11. 6:30 a.m.

By another route passengers are compelled to change cars. Persons asking Memphis and Louisville conductors for Checks, good via McKenzie, can visit Nashville on all tickets to Louisville and points North and East without additional charge. Ask for tickets via Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, corner of Jefferson, and at Memphis and Louisville Depot, head of Main street.

J. W. THOMAS, Sup't.
A. L. LANDIS, General Agent.
W. L. DANLEY, G. T. A. mar26

PATENTS.

INVENTOR'S EXCHANGE

AND SOLICITORS.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Particular attention paid to the soliciting of patents, as we have the best of artisans in the getting up of Models and Drawings, and also take the greatest pains in preparing Specifications and Claims for the Patent Office.

Particular attention paid to rejected cases and the taking out of Continental, Provincial and English patent rights.

FINLEY'S

MOTH PROOF BEE HIVE,

PATENTED Nov. 6, 1866.

This Merits have been tested, during the past ten years, and with Great Success.

J. N. OVERTON'S

NON-SWARMING BEE HIVE,

PATENTED, Nov. 9, 1868.

This Hive commends itself to those who wish a Hive to supply their families with honey for their own use, and do not wish to be troubled with increase of swarms. It is Complete in Construction, and honey can be removed with ease and no risk of being stung.

MOTH EXCLUDING

ECYPTIAN BEE HIVE

PATENTED Feb. 9, 1869.

This Hive is of recent patent. It has been thoroughly tested, and is Perfect in Ventilation and in Facilitating the bees in their hive labor. Call at our office and see the Bees in the Hive Hard at Work.

H. C. LOCK'S

CORN AND PEA PLANTER,

PATENTED, April 21, 1868.

This Machine Makes the Furrow, Drops the Seed, Rolls it and Covers, requiring one mule and one man to work it, Saving the Labor of Two Men.

FINLEY'S

CHURN DASHER,

PATENTED, March 12, 1867.

This Dasher has been lately Strengthened, and is the Best Churn Dasher now in use. It is cast in iron moulds instead of cut and soldered as previously. State and County rights for sale.

JOHN SPEARS'

BAKE OVEN

—AND—

FRUIT DRYER,

This is all that its name would suggest. All living in the country could dry enough fruit for themselves and for the market, soon paying for the Machine; besides the Great Advantage of one of the Best Bake Ovens.

OHIO HAND LOOM,

PATENTED, Oct. 29, 1867.

This Loom, by the removing of and adjusting a small wheel, called a Clam, will weave Eight Different Kinds of Cloth, besides A SEAMLESS BAG.

ALARM MONEY DRAWER.

PATENTED, Sept. 3, 1867.

With twenty little wooden blocks, making a Combination Lock that none can open save those who set the combination. This Lock has One Hundred and Twenty Combinations.

UTILITY HAME FASTENER,

PATENTED, Dec. 18, 1866.

This is the only Practical Hame Fastener now in use, being Simple, Durable and Secure.

H. KELLEN'S

HAND SPINNING MACHINE,

Being Simple, Easily Worked and Fully Practical in All Respects.

PORTABLE OR HURDLE FENCE

PATENTED, July 10, 1860.

This Fence can be built at No Greater Cost than the old fence, and is Stronger in Every Particular.

HEATH & CO'S

PATENT WELL BORER.

This Instrument, which has been recently patented by J. W. Heath, of Memphis, Tennessee, is certainly the most Complete and Perfect Apparatus for boring Wells, Post-holes, testing for foundations, and general subterranean prospecting, that has yet been devised. Experiments with this Auger have proved that two men, with a very little experience in the use of it, can bore in ordinary earth from

75 to 150 Feet Per Day.

It will penetrate any obstructions it may meet with except the hardest rock. Recent experiments have enabled us to complete the apparatus for boring in all its appurtenances, including Coupling, Derrick, Windlass, etc. It is now ready for operation, and can be obtained, together with territorial rights to use the same.

The above patented articles are now on exhibition at our office, 22 Jefferson street, where State, County and United States rights on all of the same can be purchased.

JAMES A. CAMERON & CO.,
Inventors and Solicitors,
22 Jefferson street,
Memphis, Tenn.
feb21

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Milwaukee, Wisconsin,

On the Thirty-First Day of December, 1868.

THE NAME

Of the Company is the "Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company." The Company being purely Mutual has no capital stock.

THE ASSETS

Of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in Bank	$70,479 27	
In hands of Agents and in transit	11,116 14—9	$1,595 41
Real Estate unincumbered		129,856 61
Bonds owned by the Company, namely, par value		
U. S. registered bonds	$123,500, 5-20s	
U. S. coupon "	750, "	133,596 00
Wisconsin "	1,000, do.	1,000 00
Accrued Interest		1,264 00—137,860 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage, being first liens on unincumbered Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned, including ($24,313 07) Accrued Interest		1,808,632 26
Debts otherwise secured—Bills receivables secured by Polices		8,227 24
Debts for premiums—new work $236,239 19		
" renewals 253,451 31		489,744 50
Loan notes including ($71,228-56) Accrued Interest		2,042,952 27
Deferred years, $247,499 62		
Semi-annual and quarterly notes 9,144 85	256,634 48	2,299,286 75
All other securities		1,215 80
Total Assets		$4,755,418 57

LIABILITIES.

Amount due to Banks and other creditors	none
Losses adjusted and due	"
Losses adjusted and not due	"
Losses unadjusted	"
Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	$23,500 00
Dividends of suplus declared and not paid	38,153 16
All other Claims against the Company not exceeding	3,000 00
Total Liabilities	$62,965 16
The greatest amount in any one risk	$30,000 00
No rule as to the greatest amount in any one city, town, village or block.	

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE. }

Lester Sexton, President, and A. W. Kellogg, Secretary, of the "Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company," of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, being duly sworn, depose and say that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company, that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least Two Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual Cash Assets, invested in State and United States Stocks and Bonds, or in Bonds and Mortgages of Real Estate, first liens on said property, and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and that they are the above described officers of the said Company.

LESTER SEXTON, President.
A. W. KELLOGG, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of February, 1869.
EDWARD ILSLEY, Notary Public.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, Jan. 1, 1869. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Controller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, located at Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that J. S. Chapin, Agent of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of Insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Controller of Tennessee.
By PLUNKETT.

J. S. CHAPIN, General Agent,

36 Union Street,

mar29 Memphis, Tennessee.

Southwestern Department.

GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Cash Assets,

1,641,907 55.

Income for 1868,

1,119,708 65.

Dividends Paid to Policy Holders,

331,000 00.

Losses by Death,

358,285 71.

Number of Policies Issued,

14,500.

Policy holders can travel and reside in any part of the United States, at all seasons of the year. By a Special Deposit at Albany.

The Policies of the Globe are Endorsed by the state of New York.

This is a new feature in Life Insurance. It makes the Policy equal to a National Bank Note. Death by duelling, suicide or war does not vitiate the Policy.

PLINY FREEMAN, - - - - - President.
LORING ANDREWS, - - Vice-President.
J. A. HARDENBERG, 2d Vice-President.
H. C. FREEMAN, - - - - - Secretary.

M. T. TOMLINSON. M. S. JUDAH.

H. T. TOMLINSON & CO.,
Managers Southwestern Department,
No. 17 Madison Street,
Memphis, Tenn.

Statement of the Condition of the Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, on the 1st day of January, 1869,

Made to the Controller of the State of Tennessee, in compliance with the laws of that State relating to Agents of Insurance Companies of other States doing business in that State.

The name of the Company is the Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company, and is located in the city of New York.

The amount of the Capital Stock is paid up, and is.....$100,000 00

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, and deposited in Bank		99,732 45
BONDS OWNED BY THE COMPANY.		
Par value.	Market value.	
$435,000 00 U. S. 6s, 1881,	$463,937 50	
62,550 00 U. S. 5s, 1867,	67,136 06	
40,000 00 U. S. 10-40s,	42,500 00	
96,000 00 Brooklyn city b'ds	99,470 00	
10,000 00 N. Y. county bonds	10,900 00	
8,980 39 Astoria bonds	8,980 39	
30,000 00 Virginia 6s bonds	14,537 79	
$884,530 39	$727,188 74—	727,188 74
Loans on Bond and Mortgage being first lien on unincumbered Real Estate worth double the amount loaned		393,850 00
Debt otherwise secured—Loans on Stock Bonds		52,800 00
Debt for Premiums Agents accounts	$ 95,807 16	
Deferred Premiums	215,261 03—	311,068 19
All other securities		57,748 17